Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 22. VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1895. No. 34

Why We Can Sell Good Jewellery Cheap.

BECAUSE WE HAVE THE BEST FACILITIES FOR MANUFACTURING IN BRITISH COLUMBIA. BECAUSE WE BUY FOR CASH IN THE BEST MARKETS. CALL AND LOOK OVER OUR LARGE STOCK OF NEW GOODS. SOMETHING COMING IN EVERY DAY—EVERYTHING GUARANTEED AT

CHALLONER & MITCHELL, JEWELERS, 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

The WESTSIDE

70 Government Street,

Has just received and placed on sale

47 Cases .:. NEW FALL GOODS .:. 47 Cases

—Comprising—

MANTLES, CAPES, JACKETS DRESS GOODS, UNDERWEAR.

We have also en route 27 cases, half of which are fully due. Great attention has been taken in the Selection, and Special Attention given to Style and finish.

☞Buyers will be enabled to select attractive garments at popular prices.

THE WESTSIDE.
J. Hutcheson & Co.

People Who are not Particular

What they pay are not particular where they buy—any shop will do; but in the end they are paying other people's bills. We know all about it—twenty-one years of it and we are sorry. Come along with your cash and we can save you money.

We are still selling a box of Electric Soap for 65c. Ross' bar, the best 5c. cake of soap in town. Look out for the larger sack of sugar for $1.00. Butter market taken a jump—creamery 25c., California roll 35c 3 lbs. prunes 25c.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

Our Second SHIPMENT OF NEW VALENCIA RAISINS

Just Arrived.

Also new arrival of Tea, Similar to Samples Distributed at the Exhibition.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

YOUNG MEN OF STYLE

Are dressed by me in as handsome Patterns and Styles as can be found in the Province, and they **SAVE MONEY.**

CREIGHTON, Fashionable Tailor, 86 Government Street.

DURRANT'S HALO DISPELLED

Under the Fire of Cross-Examination His Mask of Indifference is Shattered.

He Repeatedly Contradicts Himself and is Very Uneasy Over Some Questions.

San Francisco, Oct. 10.—The halo of truth that surrounded Theodore Durrant's head, on account of the prominent position he held in Emmanuel Baptis church, was dispelled to-day. Under the rigid cross-examination of District Attorney Barnes, Durrant did more to convict himself of the murder of Blanche Lamont than any of the witnesses who have testified against him. The young Sunday school superintendent went even further than that and proved to the satisfaction of the most casual listener that he was deliberately perjuring himself. Several times he gave answers that were directly in conflict with well established facts, and then changed his replies when he realized that he was on dangerous ground. Besides that he gave an explanation of a clue regarding Blanche Lamont's disappearance said to have been received by him that was so palpably a falsehood that everybody in the court room laugher aloud.

Without a tremor Durrant handled Blanche Lamont's torn clothing, which was found hidden away in the little crevices of the belfry, and denied that he secreted the garments. Even the gruesome model bearing the waist and skirts worn by Blanche Lamont when she was murdered did not affect him, although it stood within three feet of where he was sitting. But the prosecution was nevertheless well satisfied with the days' work, for they had accomplished what had never been done before. Durrant for a moment had lost his wonderful self possession, and had been caught in a number of barefaced untruths.

After asking Durrant if he had ever made a written statement of his whereabouts on the day Blanche Lamont was murdered, and receiving an affirmative reply, District Attorney Barnes asked the following questions:

"Is it not a fact that you sent a written statement of your case to your attorneys and wrote on the envelope "To be opened if I am convicted and to be returned if I am acquitted?"

The excitement caused by this question was intense. In the hum of voices Durrant's answer was lost, and the stenographer was asked to read the reply. "I never sent an envelope to my attorneys bearing such an inscription," said he. Durrant was questioned at length regarding the communication and the significant inscription on the envelope, but he denied that he ever sent such a document. Durrant's strong nerves were tested by a number of questions relating to the last time he saw Miss Lamont. The climax was reached when Barnes, with his voice pitched in a higher key than usual, advanced to where Durrant was sitting and asked: "Did you ever lay eyes on Blanche Lamont after the morning of the day upon which she was murdered, living or dead?" Durrant replied that he had not. "Living or dead, I said," thundered the district attorney, advancing a step nearer. Although every eye in the court room was centred upon Durrant, he remained as cool as if he had been asked the most commonplace question. He again replied that he had not.

San Francisco, Oct. 11.—District Attorney Barnes to-day resumed the cross-examination of Theodore Durrant on the subject of the component parts of bromo-seltzer. Barnes said he wished to show that a sufficient quantity of bromo-seltzer would kill a person who had been partly overcome by gas. Durrant said he had a general knowledge of the component parts of the medicine, and he denied that the active principal of the medicine was bromide of potassium.

Durrant became confused while being questioned with regard to the notes of the lecture given by Dr. Cheney on the afternoon that Blanche Lamont was murdered. The district attorney asked Durrant if it was not a fact that he did not take any notes at the lecture. Durrant said that it was not. Durrant was then asked if he did not ask Dr. Gilbert F. Graham for his notes, at the same time saying that if he had notes he could establish a good alibi. Durrant said he did not ask Graham for notes, as Graham came to him at the prison and volunteered to lend him his notes. Durrant said that at the time of Graham's visit he did not know whether he had notes or not, although he afterwards admitted that on April 10th he asked a student named Glazier to read his notes to him. Durrant said his notes of the lecture were meagre and as Glazier read his notes he extended his own.

The weak part of Durrant's testimony was the statement that when he was arrested on April 12th he did not know whether he had notes of Dr. Cheney's lecture or not, although he compared notes with Student Glazier four days before, and knew that he was suspected of killing the girl who had disappeared on the day the lecture was given. Durrant said he would have the jury believe that when he was arrested he had forgotten whether or not he had any notes of the lecture. When questioned closely as to when he forgot about the notes, Durrant made a further mistake in telling the day upon which he forgot about the notes, and also the day when he remembered them. He said he forgot the notes on April 13th, the day before he was arrested, and remembered them again on April 18th. The court here took a recess until 2 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOY WANTED at 56 Douglas street. 11-tf

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, with every convenience and separate kitchen, or single bed sitting rooms, 63 Superior St. oct-tf

Wanted, 50 Men

At once, at Beaver Lake.

WALKELY, KING & CASEY.

sep25-tf

AUCTION

Horses, Cattle, Chickens, Farming Implements, etc.,

FRIDAY, 18th OCTOBER, AT 11:30 A.M.

I have been instructed by the executors of the late Samuel Rickets, to sell at his ranch on Prospect Lake road, next farm to Mr. Robert Porter's, two splendid team of horses about 1300 pounds each, two good well bred milch cows, two heifers rising two years, three calves, 100 chickens, 10 ton timothy hay, 12 cords wood, 1-2 ton potatoes, Osborne mower (new), sulky rake, plow, roller, waggon and hay rake, dump cart, harrows, harness, garden tools, saddle, furniture, groceries, etc., etc.

Terms cash. All goods will be delivered immediately after sale.

The farm will be sold at an early date, of which due notice will be given.

G. BYRNES,
Oct 11-td Auctioneer.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Ye Old Curiosity Shop,
90 and 92 Yates St., Victoria, B. C.

H. Cuthbert & Co.

Are favored with instructions to sell by Auction, on the above Premises, the Immense Stock of New and Second-Hand

FURNITURE

Pianos, Harmoniums, Pictures, Stoves and Ranges, China, Crockery, Carpets, etc., Amounting to $10,000 on

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, OCT. 15 & 16

At 11 a.m., and following days, if necessary, comprising in part:

100 Bedroom Suites, Folding Beds, Double and Single Wardrobes, Pine Bed Lounges.
10 Sideboards.
10 Extension Dining Tables, sets of Dining Chairs, Oak and Walnut Bookcases.
25 this season's Baby Buggies, perfectly new, in Rattan and all shades of plush.
Parlor Furniture in great variety, including several parlor sets, fine Easy Chairs in leather, plush and tapestry, Rockers, Reception Chairs in all woods and elegant upholstering, fine Centre Tables.
Mason & Risch piano, Kirkland Piano. Both these are fine instruments.
Handsome hall furniture.
Jubilee, Albion, Jewell and three Mississippi Ranges and Cook Stoves of every description; 50 heating stoves of all makes.
Pictures—A very fine set of six engravings, in fine oak frames; these will be sold on second day of sale. Engravings, Oil Paintings, Oleographs, etc.
A very large stock of fine Electroplated Ware of every description, also valuable China Dinner Services, Crockery, Cutlery, and Bric-a-Brac.
500 Hanging, Banquet, Hall and Bedroom Lamps.
Shop counters; Showcases and Fixtures, Kitchen Furnishings, Agate Ware, Tin Ware, etc., etc.
For particulars see posters.
No reserve of any kind whatever. Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.
Terms Cash.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Leading Auctioneers.
Victoria, B. C. oc10.

A DAMAGE DEALING STORM.

Makes a Wide Track of Destruction Along the Coast.

Guaymas, Mex., Oct. 11.—In the hurricane which swept over La Paz, 184 houses were destroyed, four lives lost and 21 persons wounded. Nineteen craft, including the American schooner Czar, partly loaded with dynamite, were beached, and the government cutter sunk. Advices are slowly reaching here from the Pacific ports of Mexico, and ports on the west side of the gulf of California, which show that the hurricane which swept northward during the four days of Sept. 30, Oct. 1, 2 and 3, caused great damage to property and shipping, and a number of lives were lost. Telegraph wires were prostrated, so that the information comes in by degrees only as people arrive from below. The hurricane crossed the Isthmus of Tehuantepec and swept up the coast into the Gulf of California, doing great damage. It was accompanied by deluges of water which completed the ruin the wind wrought. At Topolobampe all the houses of the American colony were greatly damaged and the customs house wrecked. The Ahomy river, north of Topolobampe overflowed its banks, and destroyed sugar plantations and sugar mills thirty miles away from the channel of the stream. The entire cane crop of the state of Sinaloa, as far as reported, is completely ruined, and sugar refineries at Ahome, the property of the Mark Sherwood, of Chicago, and associates, has been demolished. The sugar crop of the Yauqui river, in the Sonora, is also destroyed. The damage to sugar interests in the state of Sinaloa and Sonora is estimated at several million dollars. A number of coasting steamers are several days over due at Guaymas, and great apprehension is felt for their safety.

AMERICA'S PRECAUTIONS

To Protect Her Citizens in Turkey—Minister Terrell's Energy Commended.

Although Quiet is Restored, an American Warship is on Hand.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 11.—By request of Minister Terrell for protection for the Armenian missionaries in Turkey, and at the instance of the state department, the navy department has ordered the Marblehead to the Gulf of Alexandretta. Minister Terrell was also telegraphed that orders had been issued for the protection of Americans. It is not believed that there is any imminent danger of an outbreak, but the warship has been ordered to Turkey rather as a precautionary measure. Last summer Admiral Kirkland took his two ships, the San Francisco and Marblehead, into these waters. No actual rioting was in progress, but the situation had a threatening aspect. Though the American warship could not get near the most disturbed provinces, the effect of their presence on the coast was most salutary, impressing the people, who perhaps never before had seen an American man-of-war, with visible means of the power of this country. It is surmised that Minister Terrell feels that the time is now opportune to revive this impression.

The state department is gratified with the energetic course of Mr. Terrell; his dispatch indicates that he has forestalled the representatives of the other Powers and has secured the compliance of the Porte with his demand made early in the week that steps be taken to protect Americans in the provinces and in Constantinople without waiting until they had actualy suffered outrages and assault.

Constantinople, Oct. 11.—It is now stated upon good authority that the total number of killed, wounded and missing Armenians up to date, as a result of the recent rioting in this city, is over 700. Dragomans of various embassies, after receiving instructions from the envoys of the Powers to assist the Turkish authorities in prevailing upon Armenians to leave the churches in which they sought refuge after the outbreak, at first proceeded to the Armenian church at Constantinople. There the Armenian bishop and the dragoman of the English embassy exhorted the Armenians to return to their homes, assuring them they had nothing to fear from the Turks, that the strongest assurances had been given to the representatives of the Powers that the lives and property of the Armenians would be protected. After some further persuasion, consultations and delays the refugees declared they would not leave the church except on the following conditions: That amnesty be declared for political offences; that they be permitted to retain their arms in their possession; that the prisons be opened for the inspection of the representatives of the Powers, and that innocent prisoners be released. The dragomans refused to consider this proposition. In the meanwhile, however, the Armenian women and children had come out of the church, but when they noticed that the men had not followed them, they returned, weeping and crying out that they would be killed if they returned to their homes alone, and saying they preferred to remain in the church.

The Dragomans, in view of the obstinacy of the Armenians, had a conference during the afternoon with the Armenian Patriarch, after which, owing to the great influence which that prelate has over his co-religionists, the evacuation of the cathedral commenced. As the refugees left the cathedral the priests entered their names on a special list, while the soldiers searched them, and when arms were found upon the persons of the Armenians they were taken from them and deposited in the Patriarchate. The evacuation of the other churches followed, the police not interfering with the work. In the Armenian church of Constantinople 1200 persons had sought refuge, and 500 refugees left Kumkapou cathedral. Additional advices received here to-day from Trebizond, Armenia, show that the Mussulmans attacked the Christian quarter of that town and killed many Armenians. Numbers of others sought refuge outside of the town. The Russian government has decided to send a warship to Trebizond.

Canadian News.

Stokes Bay, Ont., Oct. 11.—The crew of the tug John Logie, of Southampton, picked up a body off Pike Bay, with a life preserver attached to it, on which was the name "Steamer Africa." The body is supposed to be that of Edward Forest, second engineer of the Africa.

Ottawa, Oct. 11.—Supreme Court was occupied to-day in hearing the St. Louis case against the crown for $6370. The judgment of the exchequer court was against St. Louis, and he now appeals. The government has a suit before the exchequer court against St. Louis or $143,881, which was said to have been overpaid him. This is all in connection with the Curran bridge scandal.

—When you buy the famous BEAVER chewing tobacco, be sure the word Beaver is on each plug. There are cheap imitations.

THE STORY OF A CRIME

Brought About by the Alleged Theft of Some Canadian Pacific Stock.

A Man's Infatuation for a Pretty Woman Gets Another Into Trouble.

New York, Oct. 11.—Charles Roussel, 32 years old, who claims to be an English speculator, staying temporarily at the Morton House in this city, was arrested this afternoon by Detectives Mulry and Robinson, and was locked up in police headquarters. He arrived here from Havre, France, on September 22, and about October 1st he went to the office of J. E. Ward & Co., 31 Broadway, to negotiate for the sale of fifty shares of Canadian Pacific railway stock, telling the firm that he had a receipt for the stock and a similar bill for fifty more shares, all of which he purchased in August last. He claimed to have bought it from the Banque des Valeurs Minieres, Paris, for 26,705 francs. Ward & Co. agreed to negotiate the deal and found a purchaser for the stock. However, upon making inquiry at the New Yory branch of the Canadian Pacific they were shown a cablegram from the London agent of the railroad dated April 9, 1895, asking if the following New York certificates had been presented for transfer: 177,015,191, 7,719,025, 19,026, 194, 965, 194,.67. In case these certificates should be presented the agent here was instructed to prevent their transfer, as the stock was said to have been stolen from one Mrs. Winifred Gordon, London. When the firm of Ward & Co. found that there was some question as to their client's ownership of the stock they notified acting Captain O'Brien and Mr. Fraser, the British consul. The London police were also notified and Rousel was told to call at the office of Ward & Co. to-day. If the deal should not be carried through Roussel was informed that the stock should be returned to him. Roussel called at the office and was arrested on the spot. He was then taken to the Tombs police court, where he was remanded. Acting Captain O'Brien telegraphed immediately to John Shore, chief constable at Scotland Yard, London, stating that Roussel had been arrested and asking what action in the premises should be taken by the authorities here.

When Roussel was arrested he claimed that he was a speculator and was the rightful owner of the stock he had put in the hands of Ward & Co. to dispose of for him. In furtherance of this assertion he produced a bill of sale purporting to show that he had purchased the stock in Paris through the previously mentioned bank. The bill of sale the police affect to believe a forgery. The following cable dispatch was also taken from the prisoner:

"Paris, Oct. 4.—Roussel, Morton House, New York: Impossible to send money. Pink."

After his arraignment in the police court, where he was remanded back to the custody of the police at the request of Assistant District Attorney Battle, he was taken to police headquarters, where he told a most remarkable and interesting story concerning his connection with the check transaction which led to his arrest. Roussel said that he bought the stock in Paris from an American, Geo. Krahn, through the bank already mentioned. He met Krahn early last June at the Paris and became very intimate with him. Krahn was a speculator, although a man of large means. During the progress of their intimacy Krahn revealed certain facts concerning his personal history which involved transactions with Mrs. Winifred Gordon, at whose instigation he (Roussel) had been arrested. According to the story Krahn told him Krahn had given Mrs. Gordon in the course of the past two years stocks stocks and bonds to the value of $25,000. Krahn claimed that he had given this amount to the woman to care for and had not presented it to her outright. For some reason Krahn and Mrs. Gordon quarrelled, and when he demanded the return of the bonds and stocks she refused to comply with his request. Krahn, however, managed to get possession of a portion of the stocks and bonds by force, and with them made his way to Paris. It was a fraction of these shares which Roussel asserted he bought from Krahn and brought to this city for sale. Krahn, Roussel alleged, was so incensed at the conduct of Mrs. Gordon towards him that he proposed to expose her to the English public and talked over ways and means of doing so to the best advantage with Roussel. The latter suggested that the most effective method would be the printing of a circular giving in full her history and antecedents, the circular to be sent to Mrs. Gordon's friends and acquaintances. A copy of the circular was found upon the prisoner. It is filled with the most libellous matter, alleging serious offences. The circular states that the woman was born in Kensington poor house about fifty years ago, being the daughter of a governess and a butler. When she was seventeen years old, the circular says, she married a butcher by the name of Coudbridge, and was called by her neighbors "Handsome Lizzie." She subsequently married, as the circular alleges, the Hon. William Sackville Gordon, said to have been the son of the Marquis of Huntley, who afterwards died in poverty in Australia. It is from her marriage with Gordon that she takes that name.

—To remove the constipated habit, the only safe treatment is a course of Ayer's Pills, followed by a laxative diet. Most other cathartics do more harm than good, therefore leading physicans recommend Ayer's Pills, especially as a family physic.

SATOLLI A CARDINAL.

The Reports Confirmed—Japan Doesn't Want Hawaii.

Wahington, D.C., Oct. 11.—Pope Leo's reference to Mgr. Satolli's elevation to the cardinalate is confirmatory of the reports current for many months, although this is the first direct statement attributed to the Pope. Throughout the discussion of the subject no word has been received from Rome by Mgr. Satolli, and no time has been set for the assembling of the consistory of cardinals, which is a formality attending the elevation of a cardinal. It is more than a year since the Pope created any cardinals, and ecclesiastics are expecting the announcement of the assembling of the next consistory to be made at any time.

Mr. Kurino, the Japanese minister, in an interview to-day, denied that Japan harbored designs looking to the control of the Hawaiian islands, as asserted in recently published reports.

THE TAMMANY PLATFORM.

British Phrophecy that the Great Corruptionist Will be Crushed.

New York, Oct. 10.—The revival of interest in the political affairs of Tammany Hall was manifested this evening in the crowds which collected around the Wigwam fully an hour before the opening of the county convention, which was to put in nomination a candidate for the city, county and judicial offices. Thousands collected about the doors and the jam was terrific. The excise question, of course, was the principal topic of the speakers.

The republicans were accused of duplicity in having adopted a "blue laws" platform at Saratoga to catch the "hayseed" vote, and other platforms Monday night in New York city to catch the city vote.

The platform which was adopted after endorsing the administration of President Cleveland and condemning the inconsistency of the state and county Republican platforms, defined Tammany's position with regard to excise. The Democratic party, it declared, favored a respectful observance of the Sunday, but not the "present oppressive excise laws." The excise plank was, in fact, similar to that adopted by the state Democracy and the Republican county convention Monday, and pledged the party to endeavor to obtain an equitable law that would permit of Sunday opening within certain prescribed hours.

London, Oct. 10.—The Times this morning commenting editorially upon its cable dispatches with reference to the prospects of a fusion of anti-Tammany forces in New York, this fall, says: "It seems likely that Tammany hall will be as effectually snowed under this year as it was last. American public life may be as Lord Sackville has assured us that it is, eminently bad, but American public opinion is evidently stronger than the politicians."

PROMISED PROTECTION.

The Armenians are Persuaded to Return to Their Homes.

Constantinople, Oct. 11.—The Turkish minister of foreign affairs, Said Pasha, has partly assured the foreign embassies that the Armenian refugees in the churches will be permitted to return to their homes without molestation. No further disturbances have been reported from Trebizond.

The refugees have been accordingly been persuaded to return to their homes. They evacuated the churches to-day in the presence of the dragomans of the embassies of the different foreign powers, who were present on behalf of their embassies to ensure the safety of the refugees and to report on their return to their homes to the ambassadors.

The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard says: "The situation is far from reassuring. While the Armenians and some sections of the Christian population show less alarm, the Moslem element is in a state of effervescence, which is causing the greatest anxiety at the palace. Precautionary placards were posted yesterday at the mosques and other public places, clamoring for a constitution and for a meeting of national assemblies. The greatest exasperation is felt by the Moslem class against the Armenians, the young Turkish party is adroitly profiting by the confusion to excite animus against the Sultan, whom it declares to be primarily responsible for the present state of affairs. The principal fear at the palace arises not from the Armenians, but from the revolutionary spirit displayed by the Moslems. This fear will almost certainly bring about Armenian reforms which there is every reason to hope will be embodied as published before the end of this week."

—Many merchants are well aware that their customers are their best friends and take pleasure in supplying them with the best goods obtainable. As an instance we mention Perry & Cameron, prominent druggists of Flushing Michigan. They say: "We have no hesitation in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to our customers, as it is the best cough medicine we have ever sold, and always gives satisfaction." For sale at 75 cents per bottle by all druggists. Langley & Co. wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

P. S. & C. For All Points on Puget Sound

"P. S. & C." applied to steamer Rosane means, fast, safe and comfortable. This new steamer leaves Victoria daily at 9 a.m., except Sundays, for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with steamer Flyer daily for Tacoma, and Great Northern trains for all points east and south. Returning—Steamer leaves Seattle at 11:30 p.m. daily, except Sundays, arriving at Victoria at 6:30 a.m. Local and through tickets at Great Northern R.R. office, 75 Government street. *

A Point to Consider

Next time you are about to buy a PAIL or TUB, consider—wouldn't you like to have one "Unleakable," without hoops, light and tight, and which will last you with care 10 years? If so ask your Grocer for

E. B. Eddy's

Indurated Fibrewear, Tubs and Pails.

BANKS ARE HEAVY LOSERS

In the Discount Market—Speculation in Stocks Irregular.

New York, Oct. 11.—The Evening Post's financial article says: In view of the European money market complications, to-day's statement by foreign banks are interesting. They tell the week's financial story faithfully. All of the banks lose heavily, the Bank of England, $5,200,000, the Bank of Germark, $3,500,000 and the Bank of France, $6,775,000. On the other hand, all three statements reflect some easing on the local money markets. The enormous expansion in circulation notes last week will be recalled this week; all the banks have contracted their circulation, the bank of Germany calling in $9,360,000, but the Bank of France only $225,000. This is a fair relative measure of the return of ease in three discount markets. As a matter of fact, however, the Paris bank and open market rates continued to-day unchanged. All things considered, none of the statements were distinctly unfavorable. The Bank of England in particular shows a strong position. Its percentage of reserve to liabilities is rising, despite the actual decrease in reserve. A heavy increase, moreover, in private deposits at this institution, comes usually when a market strain is over, not when it has just begun.

The stock market to-day was somewhat less active than yesterday and the movement of prices was irregular. The professional dealers were responsible for the bulk of the transactions. London sold some of the international stocks, but was not much of a factor in the dealings. The opening was moderately active, most stocks showing advances. The early trading was marked by strength and this condition lasted until the end of the first hour. The advances scored extended to 1½ in Union Pacific. Re-consideration of the Western Union and the usual report appeared to have a favorable effect, as the stock rose 1 per cent. The Grangers were helped by reports from the west of efforts to settle the rate war, while progress reported by the conferes at the trunk line meeting, in this city, caused a hopeful sentiment toward that group. The leather shares were subjected to an effective raid by the bears about 11 o'clock in which the common yielded 1⅜ and the preferred 2⅝ per cent. Pressure was also extended on the general market.

—Try a ten cent package of TONKA smoking mixture. It is absolutely pure and cool. Pipe sifter enclosed.

—The district of Wellington has been incorporated as a town municipality. The council is to consist of a Mayor and five aldermen, the nominations to take place on December 14th, and the election, if any, a week later.

Weak, Tired, Nervous

Women, who seem to be all worn out, will find in purified blood, made rich and healthy by Hood's Sarsaparilla, permanent relief and strength. The following is from a well known nurse:

"I have suffered for years with female complaints and kidney troubles and I have had a great deal of medical advice during that time, but have received little or no benefit. A friend advised me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began to use it, together with Hood's Pills. I have realized more benefit from these medicines than from anything else I have ever taken. From my personal experience I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be a most complete blood purifier." MRS. C. CROMPTON, 71 Cumberland St., Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices, corner Broad street and Trounce avenue.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,

No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

JEWELERS, ETC.

NICKLE ALARM CLOCKS, 70 CENTS.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c., New Main Spring, 75c.; Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139

WANTS.

PARTNER WANTED in bakery business; capacity about 50 barrels per month. Apply, Harman & Dickinson, 30 Broad street. och9-3t

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper or stewardess, or any place of trust, by middle-aged widow; good home wanted more than salary; best references. Apply K. 15 Caledonia avenue. oc.5-1w

WANTED—To exchange a No. 10 Parker hammerless Shot Gun for 12 hammerless. Address W., Times office. oc2-tf

WANTED—At No. 81 Johnson street, ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off clothing, boots and shoes. sep23-1m.

AGENTS, we have positively the best sellers ever offered; all are household articles of genuine merit; in order that our territory and catalogues may not fall into the hands of children or unreliable parties, we require six cents in stamps to be sent, upon receipt of which we will mail 32-page catalogue with blank application for territory; postal cards not answered. U. S. Specialty Co., Toronto. jy31-3m-wks

FOR SALE

THE TRUMP WATCH—If you want a first class watch for a small amount go to J. Wenger, 90 Government street, near Post Office. Old Price $5.00, New Price $2.75. Oct. 3.—1m.

FOR SALE—90 acres and improvements on the bank of the Kokshish river cheap at $500; 70 acres adjoining above and house, two barns, chicken house, about seven acres cleared, $550; 200 acres near Alberni townsite, $2000 on easy terms., A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

TO LET.

TO LET—A 6 roomed Cottage with 3 acres of land under fruit trees, outhouses, etc., Foul Bay Road. Apply T. Elford, Shawnigan Lumber Yard, Discovery St. oct5-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

SHOOTING FOR TURKEYS AND GEESE at Colwood Hotel, Oct. 31st. oct5-1tf

THEOSOPHY.

Mrs. Harris, of San Francisco, will Lecture on

REINCARNATION

At Theosophical Headquarters on

SUNDAY EV'G, AT 8 P.M.

ALL INVITED.

REPAIRS! REPAIRS!

Alterations, store and office fittings, carpenter work in all its branches. Weather strips for doors and windows.

J. P. BURGESS.

UNDERTAKERS.

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(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

DENTISTRY.

Reduction in Prices.

Plates (Vu'canite) ...	$10 00
Fillings	1 00
Extracting	50
" Children's..	25

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DR. W. S. DALBY'S OFFICE,

Room 3-4-18, VERNON BLOCK. Cor. View and Douglas Streets.

Office hours from 9 a.m. till 8 p.m.

1895 1896

PENDRAY'S PRIZE COMPETITION.

Twenty Prizes will be given for the 20 largest number of Electric Soap Wrappers sent in by October 1st, 1896:

1st Prize ...	$20.00	
2nd " ...	15.00	
3rd " ...	10.00	
2 Prizes of ..	7.50	each
4 " " ..	5.00	"
6 " " ..	2.50	"
5 " " ..	1.00	"

For particulars and conditions see small bills sent out with all Electric Soap.

Take notice—No wrapper of any kind will be eligible unless the name of W. J. Pendray is upon them. Refuse any other Electric Soap, and see that every wrapper has the name printed upon it of "W. J. PENDRAY."

Home For Sale

A beautiful site for a suburban home on Victoria Arm. 20 acres, mostly under cultivation. Price, $4,500.

BEAUMONT BOGGS, 28 Broad Street.

JOSEPH SEARS,

House and Sign Painter.

PAPER-HANGING, DECORATING, GLAZING ETC. CORNER OF BLANCHARD & JOHNSON STS. se 23-1m

PIG'S FEET, Pickled.
DRIED BEEF.
LIPTON'S TEAS.

R. H. JAMESON, Grocer. 33 Fort Street.

GO TO

WEILER BRO'S.

FOR

CARPETS, FURNITURE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, WALL PAPERS, DOWN COMFORTERS, BLANKETS, PICTURES, and anything you need in the **House Furnishing Line.**

LIFE IN MASHONALAND.

A Former Resident of Victori Gives a Description of the New Country.

Plenty of Mineral Wealth, but a Great Scarcity of Timber —The Climate.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Salisbury, Mashonaland, South Africa, August 21.— To any of your readers who are meditating a trip to South Africa the information contained in this letter may be of some benefit. There are two distinct seasons, viz., a wet and a dry season. The latter extends from the beginning of December to the end of March or first week in April. So as not to mislead your readers I must here state that the mornings are bright and fine; the rain generally commences about 3 p.m. and lasts till near morning. The dry season of course is from April to December, with perhaps an occasional shower in October and November. This only applies to the interior, as the nearer you get to the coast the climate gets moister and vegetation proportionately ranker. Along the Pungwee river and for about 45 miles inland the grass grows from six to ten feet high and abounds with all kinds of large game, buffalo, antelope of all sizes, called springbok, etc., ranging in size from about the size of a setter dog to a yearling calf. This part of the country is the home of the lion. The Pungwee river abounds in crocodiles and hippotami, and all along the banks are to be found all kinds of game birds from a partridge to a guinea fowl. The country also abounds in all kinds of venomous snakes and serpents. The dry season is in the winter, just the reverse of what it is in British Columbia. To grow vegetables or fruit the land has to be irrigated, otherwise there would be little or no crop; in fact I have been told that nothing will grow without it, and if I may judge from what I have seen in the vegetable line, I should say it was true. Of the different kinds of fruits, there are none grown in Mashonaland, though wild lemons grow to to perfection. There are few wild fruits here, and what do grow are eaten up by the ants or monkeys before they are ripe. All vegetables and fruits are sold by auction twice a week all over South Africa, and of course prices vary. Potatoes run from $25 to $35 per hundred pounds, and other vegetables are equally dear; butter brings from $1.25 to $1.75 per pound, and eggs $1 to $2 per dozen. All the native animals are very small, but hardy. A peculiar kind of sickness attacks all imported stock, and they die off wholesale. Out of 200 horses brought here about two months ago there are not five alive to-day. No one seems to know the nature of the disease; the animals get the shivers and refuse all food and drink, gradually pine away and die, leaving their bones on the velt to be picked by the lions and jackals.

The climate of Mashonaland is all that could be desired by anyone, with one exception, that is malarial fever. Very few escape it unless they are very careful, but it is not of a serious nature unless they are addicted to drink and then it takes them off very quickly. There is still another drawback to the country. Vast hordes of locusts overrun the country every year, eating every thing before them. They are much larger than their American brethren, being at least 2½ inches long. I have seen them so numerous that it was next to impossible to see the leaves of the trees on which they had settled; on another occasion they seemed like a snow storm in the distance, flying along the mountain side. The principal drawback to the development of the resources of Mashonaland is the dilatory way in which the Portuguese are extending the railroad from Beira to Massa-Kessi, that being as far as their territory extends inland. They charge $6 per ton for freight to the present terminus, Chimoio; from there to Salisbury everything has to be hauled by wagons drawn by from eight to nine yoke of oxen, which takes from a month to six weeks on acount of the feed being so scarce in the dry season and the muddy state of the roads in the wet season. The cost of transportation from Chimoio to Salisbury varies according to the amount of feed to be found on the way, as they have to trust entirely to the natural grass of the country, all other kinds being too expensive. In May it was $3 per hundred pounds for freight, now it is up as high as $5 per hundred pounds. All this tends to make everything very expensive.

The development of the gold mines is steadily progressing, and everything looks bright for the future of the country. There are some very rich mines around Salisbury; one assay of ore from one of the mines showed 400 ounces of gold to the ton, and they claimed that it was some of the poorest of the ore taken out of the mine. It was enough to make one wish one owned that particular mine. That is perhaps, the richest of all the mines in this part of he country, but last month's Official Gazette shows an output of 220,000 ounces of gold from the mines of Johannesberg, which is almost as much as the whole of the output of Western Australia in the same length of time, and the country is not half prospected yet. There is also any amount of iron ore in this part of the country, and coal has been found about 90 miles from here, so that all that is wanted to make this place one of the busiest places in South Africa is railroad communication and capital to work the mines. Up to the present time Chinamen have been refused admittance to the country, but how long it will remain so I cannot say. I have not seen any timber for anything but firewood, and that is not very plentiful either. I have been told there is some pretty good timber around Bulwayo, about 300 miles southwest of here, but there is absolutely no timber fit for building purposes grows in any part of South Africa. The buildings in the town are nearly all of brick and roofed with corrugated galvanized iron, mostly one story high, the floors being made of brick or cement. The bricks are very soft and are laid in a kind of clay called daga and pointed with ordinary mortar. Lumber costs 36 cents per superficial foot, which would make a wooden building a very costly affair. Of course the buildings are all one story with a few exceptions, on account of the high price of lumber.

Wages run pretty high, but are counter-balanced by living being so expensive and everything one requires costs two or three times as much as it does in British Columbia; therefore a man has to do a little speculating if he wants to make anything more than he would at home. I could give you some pretty tall lion stories, but your readers would perhaps discredit them, so I will forbear.

During the late Matabele trouble a fort was erected on the top of the Kopje at the back of the twon, fitted out with quick firing guns and a powerful search light. The latter used to scare the niggers out of their wits at nigh and a nigger could not be found within thirty miles of the place after dark.

At an auction sale of property in Salisbury and Umtali, £41,000 worth of property was sold in three days. Although the climate is as near perfect as possible I cannot say I would like to live here altogether, it takes too long to hear from the rest of the world. It takes from three to six months to get goods from England, and all of three months to get anything from Natal, a few hundred miles down the coast from Beira, at the mouth of the Pungwee river

H.

FOUGHT HIS OLD FIGHTS.

Man out of Work Goes Insane—A Swindler Captured.

New York, Oct. 11.—Under the impression that he was holding a fort with Louis Riel, the Canadian halfbreed rebel, and that he must stand to his post until the enemy was driven back, Jas. J. Lynch to-night held three policemen at bay for an hour and a half in a room in the tenement house at 1699 Third avenue, and placed in danger the lives of many people in a crowded house, when he fired a number of shots from a heavy Winchester rifle. Lynch is a street car conductor and has worked during the past two years on almost every line in the city. Lately he has not been working, and the anxiety is thought to have affected his mind.

He had fought in the Riel rebellion and had a Winchester rifle, which he always pointed to proudly as having been given him by Riel. When his wife returned home to-night Lynch attacked her, whipping her unmercifully. She called to the police. This caused the greatest excitement in the neighborhood, and it was over an hour, and only after a desperate struggle, that Lynch was caught.

Buffalo, Oct. 11.—A man who gave his name as Andrew J. Sterling, and who is understood to have plied his swindling operations in Toronto, where he is wanted by the police, was arrested here to-day on a charge of fraud. Sterling's modus operandi in Buffalo was to insert in the newspapers advertisements for chambermaids and waitresses to go to a mythical hotel in California and then to exact a deposit of $15 from the applicants as an evidence of good faith on their part. Evidence of his own good faith, however, was so lacking that the police gathered him in. He is said to have swindled at least twenty young girls.

Middletown, N. Y., Oct. 11.—Ice formed in this city an eighth of an inch thick last night; there was also a slight flurry of snow.

—TONKA is an East Indian smoking mixture of four high grade tobaccos. Try a 10c. package. Pipe sifter enclosed.

OUR WALKING HAT

is a winner. It's made the record of the season in the race for popularity. It's heads we win, and on a show of heads we win by a large majority. It's our hats everywhere for style, quality and value. The hat caps the climax of elegance and correctness in attire. It makes or mars everything. One of our superb examples of up-to-date headwear will make any attire just what it should be. Such hats as we show afford no ground for criticism, neither do our prices. To look prosperous and well dressed get a new hat.

T. L. BROWNE & CO.

Gents' and Boys' Outfitters,

82 Douglas Street, Victoria, B. C.

FRANCE'S NEW POSSESSION.

She Will Have to Act Prudently With the United States.

Paris, Oct. 11.—The official news of the capture by General Duchesne of Antananarivo, has caused great satisfac- Marseilles, Havre and Lyons, where all the public buildings and large numbers of private houses have been decorated with flags and bunting.

London, Oct. 11.—Mr. Frederick Turner, a merchant of Antananarivo has just arrived here, and his views have been sought upon the situation in Madagascar. He says that foreigners in Madagascar will welcome a sound French government, provided that they be accorded equal rights under it witn Frenchmen. The country, he said, must be open to all commerce. Naturally France will try to improve her commercial relations with the island, and it is hoped that she will do so without antagonising the English, American and German traders. America will have to be reckoned with, as the United States government has not recognized the French protectorate, and the Americans cannot afford to lose this important and growing market.

The Paris correspondent of the Times says: "The protectorate over Madagascar will be exceedingly like annexation. The premier, the husband of the queen, and all the military and political chiefs of his party will probably be banished. The native army will be disarmed, and there will be French garrisons to replace it everywhere. The police will be in the hands of the French, as will also the customs and inland taxes.

The Standard says of the Madagascar question: "While congratulating M. Ribot upon the clearing of the way to the exercise of a protectorate in Madagascar, it is scarcely necessary to add that other powers interested will look to France for a practical recognition of their established rights. Even on selfish grounds, the republic will do well to throw open the vast domain, over which they have gained an influence, to European and American enterprise. An attempt to exclude the commerce of other nations by prohibitive tariffs will be a clear breach of international obligations.

PREPARATIONS FOR WAR.

By Spain, Possibly with America—Cuban War Loan.

Madrid, Oct. 11.—It has been noticed recently that there has been a great and quite unusual activity in the government dock yards at different ports of Spain, and that workmen are busy at work refitting cruisers and gunboats, in addition it has become known that certain government officials have been discussing the question of arming the steamships belonging to the Spanish Trans-Atlantic Company, and it is believed that these preparations are due to the possibility that the United States may recognize the Cuban insurgents as belligerents.

The minister of marine, Admiral Beranger, confirms the report that the steamers of the Spanish Trans-Atlantic Co. are to be armed for service in Cuba, but he declares that this course is not due to any idea of a possible international conflict, but it is merely carrying out a convention previously made with the company for the use of its steamers.

Havana, Oct. 11.—The column of troops commanded by Col. Souza, has had a fight at Manacas, province of Santa Clara, with a band of Zayas. The troops succeeded in taking the positions held by the insurgents, who, upon their retreat, left upon the field seven killed and five wounded. To-day eight more political prisoners have been sent to the Spanish convict settlement in Africa.

Madrid, Oct. 11.—The cabinet has signed a loan for $15,000,000 with the Banque du Paris, wholly for Cuban expenses. One third of the loan is payable between November 1st and 10th, and the remaining installments will be paid in December and February.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Sehome, Chas. E. Clancy, master, leaves here every morning excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock, for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with the N. P. R. R. train for the east. Returning she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sunday, arriving here at 6 a. m. Tickets at Northern Pacific railway office.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—Endorsed by the medical faculty and prescribed by the most eminent physicians for indigestion, Adams' Tutti Frutti.

—Carpets beaten by machinery at Weiler Bros; all dust is removed by this process.

A PLUGGED DOLLAR

Is as big around as a good dollar, but it won't pass. Same way with a Plugged Suit. Poor trimmings, poor workmanship, and antiquated styles give the suit and its wearer away every time and won't pass with well dressed gentlemen.

We don't make any of that kind here.

WE DO make proper Clothing at Popular Prices.

Our aim has always been—not to turn out cheap, sloppy garments blown together by unskilled labor—but to honestly build up the Best Garments in British Columbia for the least money. Nuff sed.

JOHN McCALLUM,

THE FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

Next to Times Building, 28 1-2 Broad St.

FOX AND NAPOLEON.

The English Statesman's Visit to the First Consul.

During the summer of 1802 Fox journeyed to Paris, where he was presented to Bonaparte early in September. The English statesman was fascinated, and although the First Consul said nothing definite or precise, his visitor departed convinced that his host desired nothing but peace, with a liberal policy both domestic and foreign as far as was consistent with safety. But the attacks of the English press became none the less virulent in consequence of Fox's favorable report, or of his brilliant defense of France from his place in parliament. At the close of January Talleyrand remonstrated with Whitworth, this time giving point to his remonstrance by a plump demand as to what England intended to do about Malta. Whitworth replied that he was without instructions, and made an evasive answer, hinting that the King's opinion of the changes which had taken place in Europe might be of importance in determining him as to the disposal of the island. This was the first official intimation that England did not intend to keep her promise.

A few days later Sebastiani returned from the east, and on January 30, 1803, the Moniteur published his thorough and careful report. It was a long document, fully explaining every source of English weakness in the Orient, and setting forth the possibilities of re-establishing French colonies in Egypt and the Levant. There was only one menacing phrase, but it expressed the unpalatable truth, that "6,000 French troops could now conquer Egypt." The publication of this paper in England raised a tremendous popular storm, and it has pleased many historians to regard Bonaparte's course as a virtual declaration of war. In reality it was merely a French Roland for the English Oliver. If England intended to keep Malta, let her beware of her prestige in the East. Had Bonaparte intended to act on Sebastiani's report, he certainly would not have published it. Of course the English populace utterly failed to grasp so nice a point, and the incident so strained the relations of France and England that all Europe saw the impending crisis —one or the other, or both, must consent to a modification of the treaty in respect to Malta, or there would be war. —October Century.

LARD isn't in it.

It is just because there is no lard in it, that COTTOLENE the new shortening is so wonderfully popular with housekeepers. COTTOLENE is PURE, DELICATE, HEALTHFUL, SATISFYING—none of the unpleasant odor necessarily connected with lard

Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails by all grocers.

Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company,

Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

MUNICIPAL.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

$25.00 REWARD.

The above reward is hereby offered for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons tampering or interfering in any way with any manhole, ventilator, flush tank, or other part of the sewerage system of the City of Victoria, or causing any impediment or obstruction to the proper and effective operation of any portion of the said system, except when acting under instructions from the City Engineer or Sanitary Officer.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., August 1st, 1895.

NOTICE.

Blanchard Street, between Pandora and Chatham Streets, will be closed till further order.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

City Hall, Victoria, Aug. 20, 1895.

The Eastern Pork & Provision Store

HAS REMOVED

To 89 Johnson St.

Cor. of Broad St.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist.

Take no Substitute

Don't forget, these Remedies have been

Publicly Tested

and proved to be superior to any other.

Sold by all Chemists.

OCTOBER.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
—	—	1	2	3	4	5
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27	28	29	30	31	—	—

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

The Daily Times.

SEALING CLAIMS COMMISSION.

Ottawa correspondents have in connection with Sir Julian Pauncefote's visit to Ottawa credited the government with certain intentions regarding the sealers' claims to compensation for illegal seizure. One of these is to make Victoria the meeting place of the joint commission to be appointed with a view to a settlement of the claims. The other is to urge the United States government to agree to the immediate appointment of two commissioners, one representing each country, in order that the settlement may be effected without loss of time. There is no reason to suppose that the Washington government will refuse this reasonable request, and it may therefore be assumed that the proposed commission will commence its work at Victoria at no very distant date. It would be satisfactory to have equally good assurances that the commissioner representing Britain and Canada will be the "right man in the right place." Already rumor is busy with the names of several alleged applicants who have but the faint shadow of qualification for the post. It will be worse than a pity if any of these should be successful, through political favoritism or otherwise, when there are good men available. It will be easy enough for the government to select as commissioner an expert who has studied the subject in all its phases and has a thorough knowledge of the facts bearing on the illegal seizures. To choose as commissioner a man not thoroughly conversant with the case would be an injury to the country as well as to the sealers. There is so far good ground for hope that in this matter the government will act with right judgment and that it will not be led astray by extraneous considerations. At all events it cannot go far wrong if it adopts the suggestions of those who are most vitally interested in the settlement of the claims.

DISAPPEARING LAKES.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press takes note of a phenomenon which may in some measure explain the lowering of water in the great lakes. It seems that a large numebr of the small lakes scattered over the area of Minnesota and the Dakotas are drying up; in many cases cultivated fields now ocupy rich bottoms formerly covered by from ten to twenty feet of water. Some eleven years ago in an official report of the state surveyor-general it was stated that Minnesota alone possessed 7,000 lakes of various magnitudes. A good many of these have disappeared altogether, and "there seems to be no instance in which even the largest and deepest lakes, though nourished by spring-fed streams, have not considerably diminished in volume."

This is the summing up of a large number of replies from correspondents who were interrogated by the Pioneer Press. As to the Dakotas it says:

"There were many large lakes in these states ten years ago, some of them miles in extent. But nearly all of them have now disappeared, their ancient beds turned into fields and such as remain are shrunk to sloughs, or pools in great wastes of reedy mud. Lake Madison in South Dakota, one of the largest and finest lakes in that state, was equipped some years ago with steamboats and hotels and all arrangements for a Western Chautauqua assembly. It had a reach of five miles for steamboat excursions and in great part was from twenty to thirty feet deep. It has suffered the fate of all the rest, and the waters have so far retreated that at the present rate of decrease it will not be long before they disappear entirely."

Proceeding to discuss the cause of the drying up of the lakes the Pioneer Press gives its conclusions as follows:—

"Our corespondents are generally agreed that it is due, first, to the diminished rainfall of the last ten, and especially of the last six or seven years, and, second, in the cultivation of the soil in their neighborhood, which has absorbed the rainfall that would otherwise have been drained into the lakes. There is no doubt that this is the true explanation. Before the soil was broken up for farming purposes the native sod formed a thatched roof from which within the limits of the drainage area the water from rain or snow flowed freely into the streams and lakes. But when the plowman broke up this roof every furrow cut off the natural drainage, and it was absorbed in the sand loam, which forms the prevailing soil of both Minnesota and Dakota. The diminished drainage basin and the diminished rainfall together are sufficient to account for the gradual drying up of the lakes."

The disappearance will be permanent, the Pioneer Press thinks, in the case of the smaller and shallower lakes, which depended altogether on surface drainage. The larger bodies of water, fed by streams or by adequate drainage area, are likely to fill up again, since there is no reason to suppose that the diminished rainfall of the last eight or nine years indicates a permanent change of climate. The cycle of dry years is pretty certain to be succeeded by a cycle of wet ones, as has happened in the past. The Pioneer Press concludes: "Of the 7,000 lakes of Minnesota in 1885, it is quite probable that as the result of the cultivation of the soil perhaps a third or more of them will permanently disappear. The remainder will fluctuate in volume with the average rainfall, shrinking materially during the successive dry seasons and reappearing in all their ancient beauty when the rain comes back to fill their empty bowls." It seems reasonable to suppose that the causes which have operated against the smaller lakes have likewise affected the larger bodies of water forming the St. Lawrence waterway. The clearing away of the forest along their shores and along the tributary streams supplies a further explanation in their case.

HARBOR FACILITIES.

To the Editor:—The present foggy weather, and the trials and tribulations of the seafaring gentlemen who find it necessary to call at the port of Victoria, make this an opportune time to call the attention of the public and of our Ottawa members to the inadequate equipment of the harbor. There is an antediluvian fog bell, which owing to its peculiar arrangement is better calculated to disturb the slumbers of peaceful citizens than to act as a warning or signal for approaching vessels. This bell, I am informed is rung by a member of the gentler sex. Let the citizens compare their easy-going city of Victoria with the mushroom town of kickers called Vancouver and learn that it is time to awake themselves and shake their Ottawa representatives hard enough to show why the people cannot longer support them.

PUDDING.

TEAMING AND TAXATION.

July—Haul 15 loads beach gravel to Fort street at $1.25 ..... $18.75
July—Haul 2 loads beach sand 2.50
Aug.—Haul 15 loads beach gravel to Menzie street at $1.25 ..... 18.75

The above is a copy of the bill sent to the city council, and I truthfully say that I never asked $1.50 per load and accepted $1.25, as stated by Ald. McMillan.

GEORGE STELLY.

PREMIER TURNER COMING.

Will Be Here To-Night—A Good Young Man Gone Wrong.

Vancouver, Oct. 11.—Hon. J. H. Turner arrived from Kootenay on the Pacific express to-day and left by the Charmer for Victoria.

A. H. Lynn-Brown, who was negotiating for starting a Christian Endeavor Journal in this city, was arrested last night on a charge of obtaining money under false pretences from Mr. Desbrisay, a merchant of Mission City. Provincial Constable Marquette, of Mission City, who made the arrest, took him there for trial to-day.

GRIT AND PISTOL COMBINED

Saved Mrs. Marshall's Life—She Turned Two Robbers.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—A fine display of grit and a liberal use of a pistol probably saved the life of Mrs. Liva Marshall, telegraph operator at Baden for the Southern Pacific. Late last night L. C. Herbert, office manager, left the office, leaving Mrs. Marshall in charge. About fifteen minutes later Mrs. Marshall was startled by some one knocking at the door. She was alarmed at the violence displayed, and putting a pistol in her pocket went towards the door to open it. Before she reached it, however, the door was kicked in, and a tall, dark complexioned man, wearing a mask, entered and demanded money, leaving a companion outside. Mrs. Marshall drew her revolver, but the villain was too quick for her and fired at her, the ball entering her left elbow. Mrs. Marshall then used her revolver, emptying it on the fleeing robbers. She waited some time, thinking the shots would be heard, but no assistance coming she telegraphed Train Dispatcher Walters, at this city, who sent a special car to bring her to San Francisco for treatment. A constable arrived and commenced a search for the men, but without success. Mrs. Marshall is now at St. Luke's hospital here, but her injuries are not very serious.

American News.

Buzzard Bay, Oct. 11.—President Cleveland will leave Gray Gables tomorrow for Washington, but Mrs. Cleveland and children will probably remain a few days longer.

Alexander, Minn., Oct. 11.—Edward P. Evans, son of Deputy Coroner Lewis Evans shot his wife three times and immediately afterwards shot and killed himself on the street. They have been married three years, most of which time their relations have been inharmonious.

Dayton, Ohio, Oct. 11.—Mrs. Maty Knight, aged 33, has murdered her mother, Mrs. Catherine, aged 64. Both were drunk and quarreled. Mrs. Knight knocked her mother down with a piece of iron, and then smashed her skull with a chair.

Brief Locals.

—Over a hundred Victorians left last evening for Portland, taking advantage of the cheap fare to visit the Oregon state fair exhibition and take in the sights of the metropolis of Oregon. The lacrosse team went over and will be met at Tacoma by the Vancouver team. The whole party will return on Monday morning.

—The harvest home services at Christ Church Cathedral last evening drew a large congregation to that edifice. The musical programme was carried out as previously announced and was very well rendered. The choir deserves the highest praise for its work. The sermon preached by Rev. W. D. Barber was an eloquent one.

—In response to the request made by Provincial Secretary Gosnell for donations of pamphlets and books, Alexander Begg has turned over to him all the old reports, books and pamphlets and documents used in the preparation of his history of British Columbia. Other recent donors are Captain Walbran, W. H. Ellis, Col. Wolfenden, J. B. McKilligan, Dr. McGregor and Hon. Col. Baker.

—The funeral of the late May McFerrin Johnston took place to-day at 2:30 p. m., from the family residence, No. 24 Cadboro Bay road. The remains of the deceased young lady were laid to rest under a wreath of beautiful flowers contributed by the many sympathising friends. Rev. W. L. Clay conducted services at the residence and at the cemetery. The pallbearers were: F. A. Gowen, S. G. Campbell, George McCandless, Colin Cameron, Charles Green and R. Swinnerton.

Cable News.

London, Oct. 11.—A Paris dispatch to the Times reports that the Catholic mission agency at Lyons has received letters reporting aggressions against the Europeans and Christians of the central China. The mission stations at Nan Ching have been destroyed and some of the converts killed and others wounded. The Russian consul, in the absence of the French consul, was appealed to. He insisted that a telegram be sent to the local authorities ordering stringent measures for the restoration of order. Nevertheless, the disturbances continue. The Mahommedans of northern Shen Si have revolted. Advices from Shanghai say that the infamous anti-foreign prints are being again distributed throughout the central provices.

Yokohama, Oct. 11.—Count Koumura, director of the political bureau, has forwarded from Seoul, the capital of Corea, a report upon the recent uprising there. It is now supposed that the Queen of Corea was killed by anti-reformers who, headed by Tai Ron Kin, the king's father, and leader of that party, forced an entrance into the palace at the head of an armed force, which caused the Japanese troops to take possession of and guard that building and restore order.

PERSONAL.

M. King returned last evening from Vancouver.

William Scott, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

Hon. J. H. Turner is expected home this evening.

A. S. Halidie, of San Francisco, is at the Driard.

Dr. G. L. Milne returned from the Mainland last evening.

L. Boscowitz arrived home from the Sound this morning.

Lindley Crease was a passenger from the Mainland yesterday.

Alfred P. Morris, of Kamloops, is a guest at the Oriental.

John Coltart and wife returned home by the Charmer last evening.

D. A. Stoddard, M. P. P., of Clinton, left for home this morning.

Hedley Chapman was among the passengers from Vancouver yesterday.

Miss Mary McElroy, of Seattle, is spending a week with Victoria friends.

W. H. Bone and wife returned from the Sound this morning on the Rosalie.

Miss Bertha Rattray leaves next week for Halifax, where she will visit friends.

P. A. O'Farrell left last night for the Sound. He will return here next week.

S. M. Robins, superintendent of the New Vancouver Coal Company, is at the Hotel Driard.

James Anderson and wife, of New Westminster, registered at the Oriental last evening.

Richard Bennett, of Barkerville, is being treated at St. Joseph's Hospital for throat trouble.

Miss Ray Frank, who has been lecturing to large audiences in Victoria, left last evening for Portland.

Major and Mrs. Cunningham and Mrs. Foote, of San Francisco, left for Quebec over the C. P. R. this morning.

Rear-Admiral Beardsley, of the U. S. S. Philadelphia, and Mrs. Beardsley, arrived from the Sound last evening. The Admiral left for Port Angeles this morning, Mrs. Beardsley remaining here.

W. G. Gooderham and wife, Miss Gooderham, W. H. Gooderham and J. Hargraft, of Toronto, are at the Driard. They are travelling for pleasure and are in the same party as T. G. Blackstock and wife, Mrs. George Gooderham and Miss Patterson, who arrived on Wednesday.

—A very pretty line of English Toilet sets at Weiler Bros.

IF YOU WANT A GUITAR
It will pay you to examine our Stock, which we have marked down to cost price for the next few Days.
LOOK IN OUR WINDOW!
WAITT & CO.,
64 Government Street.

No Prophet
. . . Required to tell you that . . .
The Best and Cheapest
. . Place for Boots and Shoes is : :
ERSKINE'S.
Will you try? Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

Kill your Corns!
Not in the old-fashioned way with "plasters," "lotions," etc. Kill them the new way, by encasing your feet in a pair of
BAKER'S SHOES
A corn can't live in a pair of our shoes. Why? Because they fit like a sock. All Styles, One Price to all, best Quality, Largest Stock in the City.
J. H. BAKER, 63 Government St.

Special.
Opening of English and American
HATS
Just to hand to-day.
All New Goods---Latest Styles.
Geo. R. Jackson,
See Show Windows. 57 Government Street.

FOR
HEATING STOVES
Of all kinds, shapes, styles and prices go to
Perry & Turner,
42 Johnson Street,
Dealers in Builders' Hardware, Stoves, Tinware and Graniteware, Sheet Metal Work, Sky Lights and Roofing, Plumbing and Heating.

NOTICE

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to Public Traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
au5

NOTICE

Birdcage Walk, between Superior and Michigan Streets, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
oct2

Our Prescription Department

Is the pride of our Store. You will consult your best interests by bringing your Prescriptions to us.

CYRUS H. BOWES, 100 Government St.

Graduate Ontario College of Pharmacy,

TELEPHONE 425

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The Evening Star Mining Company, of Portland, has been incorporated under the companies act.

—Cunningham & Hinton have been awarded the contract for wiring the new parliament buildings.

—The funeral of the late H. J. Sheady took place to-day at 10 a.m. from Hanna's undertaking parlors.

—New English and American hats—the newest blocks, on view to-day at George R. Jackson's, Government street.

—Official maps of British Columbia, 1895, issued under authority of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, are now for sale.

—The Primrose committee will give a very interesting entertainment this evening at A. O. U. W. hall. A very good programme has been arranged.

—According to the New Westminster prize list J. H. Falconer received prizes for canned vegetables and pickles, but not for vinegar as stated in yesterday's issue.

—Ald. Edward Bragg has given notice that he wil ask leave to introduce a by-law to amend "the police magistrate's and legal adviser's appointment by-law, 1888."

—Ald. John Macmillan has given notice that he will move at the next meeting of the city council that 1,200 feet of four foot sidewalk be laid down on Lansdowne road.

—Capital L.O.L. No. 1667, will celebrate the anniversary of the Gunpowder Plot with a grand ball at the Assembly Hall on Nov. 5. Music will be furnished by the Richardson orchestra.

—Mr. A. J. Pineo, B.A., will lecture at the popular entertainment of the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow night on "The Story of Creation As Told by Modern Science." There will also be some musical selections.

—The certificate of incorporation of the Comox Brewery Company is published in the last evening's Gazette. The trustees are A. D. Williams, Daniel Kilpatrick and William S. Dickinson, all of Cumberland.

—Young men of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will give the opening concert of the season on Tuesday evening. The programme is to be made up entirely of numbers given by men, and those in charge are working hard to make it the best obtainable.

—There will be a joint meeting of all interested on Wednesday, October 30, for the organization of a lodge of Rathbone Sisters, the companion order of the K. of P. An active interest is being taken in the matter, and it is certain that there will be a large gathering on the night of the meeting.

—Jack Stone, a Nitinat Indian found with liquor in his possession, was fined $25 in police court this morning. George, a Fort Rupert Indian who had drunk his, was fined $5. John Smith and Louis Olsen, civilized drunks were fined $5. The former was down near the law courts building, and the complaint leading to his arrest was made by the provincial police.

—On exhibition at the store of Dixi H. Ross & Co., Government street, is a wonderful apple grown by Thomas Barker, of Rocky Point. It is a fall pippin, is well formed and clear, and tips the scales at one and one quarter pounds. Mr. Barker has raised a fine lot of apples this year, and they have found a ready sale in Victoria markets. Mr. Barker has recently gone into the culture of bees, purchasing a number of hives for a start on the Sound.

—After business was disposed of at last night's meeting of the Sons of Erin, a very good programme was rendered. The chief items on the programme were two papers, one by Mr. Jones on "Ancient Ireland," and the other by Mr. Day on "The First Voyage of the Sirius." The papers were both very interesting. There were also songs by Messrs. Flint, Prosser, Lang, Wallis and Dooley. Mr. Wallis played the accompaniments.

—Steamer Maude left last evening for the west coast, having a full cargo of general merchandise.

—Dominion government steamer Quadra left this morning for Carmanah and Cape Beale, with supplies for the lighthouses.

—Messrs. E. B. Marvin & Co. yesterday shipped to London 40 casks of sealskins, comprising the catches of the schooners Triumph and Annie E. Paint.

—The Prevost island lighthouse, recently completed and accepted by the Dominion government, will show a light on the night of November 1st. All the appliances have arrived and will be put in position immediately.

—Two remanded cases of infraction of the sewers connection regulations by-law were called in the police court this morning and further remanded for another week. The work desired by the sanitary officers is being done in both instances.

—The Y. M. C. A. will start a night school, commencing on Tuesday, October 15. Three branches will be taught, viz., reading, writing and arithmetic. All young men interested in self-improvement should take advantage of these classes.

—The steamer Danube will not leave for the north until to-morow morning at 10. She will take up a heavy cargo of general merchandise, and among the passengers will be Rev. T. Neville and Mr. Bryniildsen, manager of the Bella Coola Mercantile Company.

—Mr. D. Jordan, who recently opened a coal mine at Wellington, expects to ship to Victoria by November 1st. Being unable to make arrangements with the E. & N. Railway Company, he was forced to build a tramway to Nanoose Bay, and will ship coal from there by steamer.

—The annual meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association will be held in the hall of the Y. M. C. A., Broad street, this evening at 7.30. Short addresses will be given by the city clergymen, and to all ladies and gentlemen, friends of the association, a cordial invitation is extended.

—The members of the City Council had a conference last evening with W. J. Taylor, city solicitor, and James L. Raymur, water commissioner. The session, which was held with closed doors, took place in the committee room, and lasted for a couple of hours. It is understood that the complaints of farmers over the pollution of the Colquitz by the work being done at the water works and the city's liability in connection with the same were under discussion. The whole matter will very likely be made public at an open meeting at an early date.

—The steam schooner Mischief, Capt. Foote, returned to port this afternoon, having made a circuit of the island. The trip occupied in all eleven days, three days having been spent at Quatsino. Mr. A. S. Hallidie, the San Francisco capitalist, went up to look over coal lands owned by the West Vancouver Commercial Company, in the vicinity of Quatsino. The company own about 6000 acres. Mr. Hallidie was pleased with his trip and favorably impressed with what he saw. The steamer returned by the east coast to give him an opportuity of seeing the northern end of the Island. Capt. Foote saw the schooner Teresa at Quatsino. She had 800 skins.

—Birdie Kazar was in police court this morning as prosecutrix, perhaps for the first time in her career. She complained against Harry Edwards, who made things very lively at Birdie's Chatham street residence last evening. They are ordinarily pretty fair friends, but last night Edwards was fighting drunk and smashed a toilet set, broke some crockery and kicked in a door. Edwards was arrested for being drunk and gave Constables McDonald, Redgrave and Mouat considerable exercise in landing him. At the request of the Kazar woman the charge was made malicious destruction of property. Edwards was convicted and ordered to pay a fine of $20 and $10 for the property destroyed, or go to jail for two months and work hard all the time. After it was all over Birdie relented and told the police not to commit Edwards, as she would pay his fine.

—A consignment of wrapping paper and paper bags at wholesale prices. Johnston's, Kirk block.

—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments: John Joseph McGee, clerk to the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, to be a commissioner under the "Oath's Act, 1892," for taking affidavits in and for the courts of British Columbia; Thomas Livingston Haig, of Revelstoke, to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the county of Kootenay; Ezra Evans, of Manson creek, to be a mining recorder within and for the Omineca Mining Division of Cassiar district; Martin Joseph Blanchfield, of Bute Inlet, to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the Comox electoral district; Albert Edward Edgar, of Kamloops, to be second timber inspector; Anson Wheeler, of Nelson, to be a notary public in and for the province of British Columbia.

Notice is given in the Gazette that on and after the 1st day of November next, all alluvial gold mining claims, hydraulic and dredging mining leases legally held in Lillooet district, under the provisions of the "Placer Mining Act, 1891," and amendments thereto, may be laid over till the 15th day of April, 1896, subject to the provisions of the act and amendments.

—New line of pocket cutlery just opened at Fox's, 98 Government street. Shaving outfits a specialty, guaranteed.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

$8. BEST CABINETS $8.

$1. MANTELLOS $1.

JONES, Photographer,
59 1-2 GOVERNMENT ST

DISEASE GAINS SLIGHTLY.

Now Fourteen Scarlet Fever Cases Under Treatment.

There is a slight increase in the number of scarlet fever cases, there being at the present time seven cases in the Isolation hospital, and seven more patients being treated at their homes, with proper precautions to prevent infection. Dr. George Duncan, medical health officer, and Mayor Teague, who have the matter in hand, are of the opinion that cases are being concealed, and are moving to checkmate any such practice. They are positive that some of the children who have the fever now caught it at school from convalescents permitted to return to their studies during what is called the "peeling" period. They paid a visit to and inspected the Victoria West school this morning. There is no need for alarm as far as the schools are concerned, and their aim is to keep them in the healthy state they are now in. To that end it is probable that a truant officer will investigate every case of absence, with a view to ascertaining if it is on account of scarlet fever. In all cases discovered strict isolation will be required at once.

Dr. Duncan is also moving to have all of the tram cars fumigated every night after their day's service. Modern medicine declares cars and vehicles to be great collectors of microbes, bacteria, etc.

CAPT. FOLGER'S STATEMENT.

Not Anxious to Discuss the Subject with a Press Representative.

Capt. Folger, who during the past season had charge of the San Francisco sealer Edward D. Webster, is in the city. Some days ago a dispatch was received from San Francisco to the effect that Capt. Folger had said that "he had visited many British vessels in Behring sea, and saw on every one arms and ammunition unsealed and ready for use. He reports that the English sealers said they would use firearms without fear of consequences. Capt. Folger makes affidavits stating the facts, and his charges will be specified against the Canadian vessels E. B. Marvin, Carlotta G. Cox and the Annie E. Paint."

To gentlemen interested in the sealing business Capt. Folger denied this, but when seen by a Times representative this morning he did not seem very anxious to discuss the subject. All he would say was that he was not responsible for what was telegraphed all over the country.

THE MISSING LINK BONDED.

Victoria Syndicate Acquires Three-quarters of the Property.

It is stated on excellent authority that a Victoria syndicate, in which G. A. Kirk and A. J. C. Galletly are among those interested, has bonded the Missing Link claim at Alberni. The deal was arranged through Frank McQuillan, and was one of the matters that brought that gentleman to the city. The syndicate acquires the Comerford interest in the claim, which is three-fourths of it. The remaining quarter remains in possession of Geo. Brown, the original partner of Mr. Comerford in the property. The price is not stated.

The Missing Link is one of the best known and most promising properties in Alberni. There has been considerable development work done on it, and the value of the ledge has improved with it. The plans of the new owners are not stated, but it is understood that they will expend a considerable sum in exploiting the property.

—For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

Are You Particular

About your Clothes? If you are call and see us. We like to do business with people who are particular. In fact our Large Stock, which is full and complete, was selected with an idea of catering to the patronage of those who are particular about their clothes.

CAMPBELL & Co.,
Merchant Tailors,
Cor. Broad St., and Trounce Ave., Opposite Driard.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF

NEW HATS

From the best makers in Europe and America just to hand.

SEE OUR HATS BUY OUR HATS | SEE OUR HATS BUY OUR HATS
SEE OUR HATS BUY OUR HATS | SEE OUR HATS BUY OUR HATS
SEE OUR HATS BUY OUR HATS | SEE OUR HATS BUY OUR HATS

AND SAVE MONEY | AND SAVE MONEY
AND SAVE MONEY | AND SAVE MONEY
AND SAVE MONEY | AND SAVE MONEY

S. REID,
122 Government St.

Do You Need a
Mackintosh?

These foggy evenings it is necessary to keep warm. Don't you think it will pay you better to buy a Mackintosh rather than an Overcoat?

Our Mackintoshes

Were not carried over from last year. They were made for this season's trade.

The New Styles

Are here, and every garment is warranted by us to be waterproof.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH OR YOUR MONEY BACK.

CAMERON, The Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

EVERY COLLAR GUARANTEED TRADE MARK

BOTTLED WIND

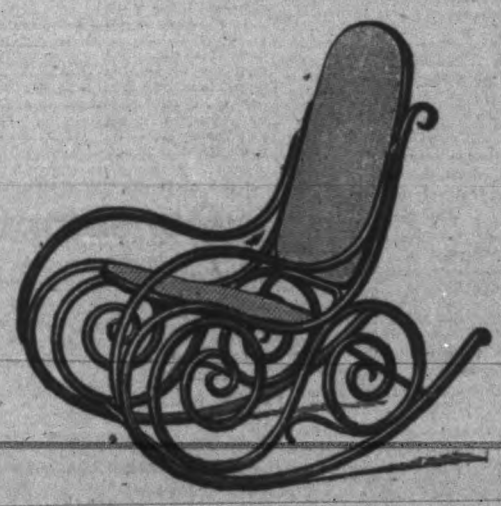
PERFECT FITTING AIR COLLARS
LIGHT COOL ELASTIC EASY
SURE CURE FOR SORE SHOULDERS
FIFTY-SEVEN TONS TEST
DISCOUNTS TO THE TRADE ONLY
APPLY TO YOUR DEALER OR
SEND FOR TESTIMONIALS ETC TO
THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO.
VICTORIA B.C.

NO SWEAT PADS

NOLTE'S PATENT

Glasses Accurately Adjusted

F. W. Nolte & Co
The Only Opticians
37 Fort Street.



ONE AMONGST THE HUNDRED

Styles of Chairs included in our immense Stock of Furniture now being Sacrificed in order to clear.

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE FURNITURE CO., Ltd.,
Government Street.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—W. H. Bone, Mrs. W. H. Bone, A. Cole, J. P. Clancy, R. J. Mooney, Wm. Arden, Wm. Goss, N. Hopley, J. Wilder, L. Boscowitz, F. Dyke, Mrs. Morrison.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Dawley & Stocker, J. H. Hutchinson, S. Leiser, W. H. Noble, Perry & Turner, A. Sarantis, F. R. Stewart, H. Martin, M. J. Edwards Manufacturing Co., Cookson & Plows, Osmond Skelu & Co., Sylvester Feed Co., B. C. Market.

—Confusion as to the choice of a blood-purifier is unnecessary. There is but one best Sarsaparilla, and that is Ayer's. This important fact was recognized at the World's Fair at Chicago, 1893, it being the only blood-purifier admitted to be placed on exhibition.

Gold in Alberni.

Gold has been found in Alberni,
And silver in old Cariboo;
But what about wealth if you haven't got health?
So wear a good health-giving shoe.

Damp Resisting,
Sickness Preventing,
Health Giving.

Dick's Boots can only be got at this Store, as we are sole agents for British Columbia.

Old Country Boot and Shoe Store,
91 Johnson Street,
Bet. Broad and Douglas.

THE NORWEGIAN QUESTION.

Points in the Dispute Between Norway and Sweden.

Dr. J. E. Sars, professor of history in the University of Christiania, has contributed to the Fortnightly Review a concise and intelligible account of the dispute between Norway and Sweden, with regard to the management of the foreign relations of the united Scandinavian kingdom. The quarrel is one of general interest, as it may lead to civil war, in which event it is believed that Sweden will be backed by Germany and Norway by Russia. The Czar would expect as the price of his support the cession of a harbor, open all the year round, on the Norwegian coast, by means of which Russia would speedily take rank among the great naval powers on the Atlantic.

The union of Sweden and Norway is much less close than that of the Cisleithan and Transleithan dominions of the Hapsburg Kaiser, though the latter is the next loosest example of a confederation. It was by the convention of Moss, Aug. 14, 1814, that the union was arranged, and the terms of it were defined by the Rigsakt or fundamental statute passed in 1815 by the Norwegian Storthing and the Swedish Riksdag. The first section of that organic law declares: "The kingdom of Norway shall be a free, independent, indivisible, and inalienable realm, united with Sweden under one king." Although, however, the sovereignty of Norway and her equality with Sweden were thus affirmed as a theoretical principle, they remained in one important particular an unrealized promise. The Norwegians did not at once take steps to establish their own management of foreign affairs and to appoint representatives of their own abroad, but suffered it to happen that the foreign minister of Sweden became also, as a matter of fact, the foreign minister of Norway, and that Swedish envoys and consuls became representatives of both countries. This negligence on the part of the Norwegians is ascribed by Prof. Sars to the opinion, long prevailing in both halves of the Scandinavian peninsula, that foreign affairs constituted the especial province of the crown, an opinion which has for its practical outcome the non-responsibility of the minister for foreign affairs to the Swedish parliament. The situation was, however, completely changed by the Swedish constitutional reform of 1885, whereby the head of the foreign office, still, as had always been, a Swede, was made responsible to the Swedish Riksdag. It is evident that this reform, however desirable from a Swedish point of view, extinguished the semblance of equality between the two peoples, and consigned Norway to a position intolerable to a free nation.

Since 1885 the claim of Norway to equality with regard to foreign affairs has been pressed with increasing vehemence, and of late the agitation has been marked with such acrimony as to threaten the union of the kingdoms. The questions of dispute relate to the nationality of the foreign minister; to his responsibility toward one or both national parliaments, or toward delegates from both of these bodies; and, finally, to the continuation or dissolution of the previous common action of the two countries with reference to the diplomatic and consular services. There are various shades of opinion, both among the Norwegians and the Swedes, as to the way in which these problems should be solved. All Norwegians, indeed, hold that the existing exclusively Swedish control of the foreign affairs and foreign representation of both countries is incompatible with the principle of equal rights enunciated in the fundamental law. The Norwegian Liberals, who seem irreconcileable, demand that Norway and Sweden should have each its own foreign minister, responsible for its foreign policy to the parliament of his own country; and that the two countries should have each its separate diplomatic and consular service. The members of the Norwegian right, on the other hand, think that a common foreign policy personified in a single minister is essential to the maintenance of the union; but they desire that instead of the management being left to a Swedish minister, there should be a truly common minister, whether Norwegian or Swede, responsible to both the Swedish and Norwegian parliaments, or else, in accordance with the precedent set by Austro-Hungary, to delegations from both those bodies.

To the programme of the Norwegian Liberals, the programme which demands for Norway a separate foreign minister and a separate diplomatic and consular service, the entire Swedish nation seems inexorably opposed. But, according to Prof. Sars, there is some prospect of a modified or conditional acceptance by Sweden of the plan of the Norwegian right; that is to say, the adoption of the Austro-Hungarian system, whereby the management of foreign affairs and the appointment of diplomatic and consular officers should be committed to a common ministry responsible to delegations from the Riksdag and the Storthing, which delegations, equal in number, should sit together and constitute a third parliament. The Swedes, however, are naturally reluctant to grant the Norwegians an equal voice with regard to foreign policy, so long as the latter do not make to the army and navy a contribution even proportionate to their population.

It seems unreasonable that Norway should arrogate an equal right of plunging both kingdoms into war, so long as she is unwilling to bear her fair share of the burden of military preparation. The firm refusal of the Norwegian Liberals to tax their country for so legitimate a purpose lends color to the charge that what they really aim at is an abolition of the union with Sweden, and the transformation of Norway into a completely independent state.

—Baldness is often preceded or accompanied by grayness of the hair. To prevent both baldness and grayness, use Hall's Hair Renewer, an honest remedy.

A Stunning Gown is Easily Made
if you have a pretty material and use
FIBRE CHAMOIS
to give it the style and stiffness. Put the **Light** weight, No. 10, in the sleeves and skirt; make the collar, cuffs and belt of the **Heavy** weight, No. 30; and use the **Medium** weight, No. 20, through the body, to give a comfortable windproof warmth. This is also the best grade for capes, coats or wraps.
Always cut it across the goods, and never be satisfied unless you find the **name and number on every yard.**
Imitations are miserable Failures.
PATENTED, JULY 189o. MARCH 1895.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

The Great Strength-giver
The most perfect form of Concentrated Nourishment.
Stimulating, Strengthening, Invigorating.

A COPPER KING.

Hornby Lewis, One of the Big Operators, is Visiting the Province.

Hornby Lewis, a member of the great Liverpool firm of John Lewis & Sons, was in the city for a few hours Wednesday night, arriving by the City of Kingston and leaving by the Charmer. He had just finished a tour of the Kootenay country, and came to the coast over the Great Northern in the private car of J. J. Hill. It is understood that he came to the province to look at several copper properties with a view to acquiring them and erecting a plant that will produce copper "matte," which will be shipped to England. He is very much impressed with the mining prospects of British Columbia. He is thoroughly posted as to the mines of the world and what they are producing. He says that in the Rand district in Africa there are 200,000,000 ounces of gold in sight, and predicts that before long gold will depreciate in value. The removal of the premium will increase the value of staples and create trade booms in every direction. He predicts a serious time when "settlement day" comes in the Kaffirs. The London bankers are refusing the paper and the brokers are pressing their clients. He says that while the mines are very rich there has been a tremendous over-booming in the floating of companies. The operators have profited and the winnings have been simply fabulous.

Mr. Lewis saw Kootenay in company with Mr. Pellew Harvey. He also visited the Montana smelters. He goes east and home from Vancouver.

Weakness is the symptom, impoverished blood the cause, Hood's Sarsaparilla the cure. It makes the weak strong.

Consumption.
The incessant wasting of a consumptive can only be overcome by a powerful concentrated nourishment like Scott's Emulsion. If this wasting is checked and the system is supplied with strength to combat the disease there is hope of recovery.
Scott's Emulsion
of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, does more to cure Consumption than any other known remedy. It is for all Affections of Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Wasting. *Pamphlet free.*
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.
ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C
The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.
THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.
Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.
7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.
Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5.40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9.00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5.30 p.m. same days.

TRANSPORTATION.

Victoria & Sidney R'y
Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:
Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 4 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.
SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.
Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 2 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.
STEAMER MARY HARE.
Running in connection with the Victoria and Sidney Railway, will sail, weather permitting and business offering, as follows:
MONDAYS — Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Cowichan, Vesuvius Bay, and way ports; returning connects with evening train for Victoria.
TUESDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Ganges Harbor and way ports.
WEDNESDAYS— Leave Ganges Harbor at 6:00 a.m. for Sidney, connecting with morning train for Victoria.
THURSDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Ganges Harbor, Nanaimo and way ports.
FRIDAYS—Leave Nanaimo at 7:00 a.m., for Sidney and way ports, connecting with evening train for Victoria.
For further particulars apply to the Captain on board, or to Victoria and Sidney Railway Agents. oct10-1m
T. W. PATERSON, Manager.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers
NORTHERN PACIFIC
—RUNS—
Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,
To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.
THROUGH TICKETS
To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.
TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				TONNAGE 1347
8 30 pm	Lv	M 1	..*Victoria..	110	Ar 4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv 1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	38	Lv 10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	140	..*Tacoma..	1m	Lv 8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
*Daily except Monday
R. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B.C.
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

PACIFIC COAST S.S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P M.
CITY OF PUEBLA, - - - OCT. 15
R. P RITHET & CO., Agents.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points
FROM MONTREAL.
Allan line, Sardinian ..... Oct. 26
Allan line, Laurentian ..... Nov. 2
Beaver line, Lake Huron ..... Oct. 30
Beaver line, Lake Superior ..... Nov. 6
Dominion line, Mariposa ..... Oct. 26
Dominion line, Labrador ..... Nov. 2
FROM NEW YORK.
Cunard line, Campania ..... Oct. 26
Cunard line, Umbria ..... Nov. 2
American line, Paris ..... Oct. 30
American line, St. Louis ..... Nov. 6
White Star line, Teutonic ..... Oct. 30
White Star line, Britannic ..... Nov. 6
Red Star line, Westernland ..... Oct. 30
Red Star line, Noordland ..... Nov. 6
North German Lloyd, Trave ..... Nov. 2
North German Lloyd, Lahn ..... Nov. 5
Anchor line, Furnessia ..... Oct. 26
Anchor line, Circassia ..... Nov. 2
Allan-State line, California ..... Oct. 26
Allan-State line, Nebraska ..... Nov. 9
For rates and full information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, General S. S. Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

GOING TO CHICAGO OR ANYWHERE EAST?
If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul or Duluth reads via
"THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE"
(C. St. P. M. & O. Ry.)
Three (3) First Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria as follows:
Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m.
Daily. Badger State Express. Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 8 p.m.; Chicago, 9:45 p.m.
Leave Minneapolis 6:00 p.m.; St. Paul 7:35 a.m.
Except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8:00 a.m.
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Daily. Famous North-Western Limited. Has Pullman and Wagner Private Compartment and 16 section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee. Breakfast in Dining car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m.; Chicago 9:30 a.m.
For Illustrated Folder Free descriptive of Splendid Train Service via this line, to Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Duluth, Ashland, as well as to Milwaukee and Chicago. Call on your Home Agent or Address
T. W. TEASDALE, General passenger agent, St. Paul.
W. H. MEAD, General Agent, 248 Washington St., Portland, Ore.
F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent, 601 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

O. R. & N. STEAMSHIP LINE.
CHINA AND JAPAN.
SS. "ASLOUN," due Victoria about October 20; will proceed to Honolulu, H.I., via Portland, and is the only steamer for Honolulu during the month.
For freight and particulars apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.

LIVERPOOL FOR VICTORIA DIRECT.

THE BRITISH SHIP
"HOWTH"
(2166 Tons Register.)
To sail from Liverpool about middle of October, 1895.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned, or Balfour, Williamson & Co., Liverpool.
ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd,
se5-1m Temple Building.

HONOLULU, BY O.S.S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!
The Oceanic Steamship Company
Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom St., San Francisco.
FOR HONOLULU ONLY.
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons), TUESDAY, Oct. 15, 1895, at 10 a.m.
For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Twin Screw Steamer
Alameda, Thursday, Oct. 17, at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern Mails.
For passage apply to 114 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.
R. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST
TAKE THE
CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE . . .
THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE
..TO..
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City, Toronto Chicago and Montreal.
Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.
For rates and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE NO. 24.
To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

North Bound, Read Down			South Bound, Read Up.		
No. 2 Pass. Daily.	No. 4 Pass. Sat. Su.	STATIONS.	No. 1 Pass. Daily.	No. 3 Pass. Sat. Su.
Dp. 8.00 am	Dp. 4.50 pm	Victoria.	Ar 12 20 pm	Ar 8 30 pm
8.14	5.05	Russell's.	12.06	8.15
8.21	5.12	Esquimalt.	12.00	8.13
8.27	5.18	Stewart's.	11.53	8.06
8.37	5.28	Parson's Bridge.	11.43	7.57
8.47	5.38	Cobble Hill.	11.33	7.47
8.55	5.46	Shawnigan Lake.	11.25	7.39
9.05	5.56	McPherson's.	11.15	7.29
9.15	6.06	Koksilah.	11.05	7.19
9.25	6.16	Duncan's.	10.55	7.09
10.10	6.43	Westholme.	10.28	6.43
10.20	6.53	Chemainus.	10.18	6.33
10.37	7.10	Oyster Bay Siding	10.01	6.15
10.47	7.20	Nanaimo.	9.51	6.05
11.00	7.35	Wellington	9.40	Ar 5.50
Ar 11.10	Ar 8.55		Dp. 8.00 am	Dp. 3.00 pm

On Saturdays and Sundays
Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for 15 days, including day of issue.
Through rates between Victoria and Comox.
Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo stations.
A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)
TIME TABLE NO. 27,
Taking effect June 21st, 1895.
VANCOUVER ROUTE.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.
NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.
Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.
NORTHERN ROUTE.
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.
BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.
The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,
L. P. LOCKE, Master.
Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.
Lv Victoria ..... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. ap29

GREAT NORTHERN
Shortest and Quickest Line
—TO—
KOOTENAY COUNTRY,
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Chicago, New York, Boston, And all U. S. Points,
Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal, Quebec, And All Eastern Canadian Points.
Daylight run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains—the Grandest Scenery in America. Superb Buffet and Tourist Sleeping Palace Sleeping and Cozy Tourist Cars. A delightful ride, free from heat and dust in seasons.
For tickets, etc., apply
H. MARTIN, Gen. Agent, 13 Government Street.

NEW FALL GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

Fine Tweed and Worsted Suits,
$5 00, $6 00, $7 50, $8 50, $10 00, etc.
Boys' Strong School Suits,
$1 50, $1 60, $2.00, $2 25, $2 40, etc.
Boys' Tweed and Serge "Knickers" 75c. per pair.
GOOD VALUE LOW PRICES.

No Old Shop-Worn Stock to work off, but FRESH CLEAN GOODS at LOWER PRICES than ever.

B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

THE ROYAL CITY SHOW.

All Conditions Favorable to this Year's Exhibition at Westminster.

A Fine Display of Agricultural Products—Attendance Satisfactory.

New Westminster, Oct. 9.—Perfect weather, a large and enthusiastic concourse of people, well decorated houses and streets, more important still, numerous and choice exhibits, all contributed to make the opening day of the exhibition a success. The fog in the straits played havoc with the arrangements for opening the exhibition. Col. Baker, who was to perform the ceremony, did not arrive until late in the afternoon, but President T. J. Trapp came to the rescue and in a neat and appropriate speech he declared the exhibition formally opened to the public. The busiest man in Westminster at present is the energetic and popular secretary, A. B. McKenzie. He seems to be everywhere at once. He is supposed to answer numerous questions and give information of every description, but Mac is always good natured and always ready to render every assistance.

The exhibition recently held at Victoria was more of an industrial nature, the Westminster exhibition being principally that of agricultural products. A number of exhibitors were late in getting their exhibits in place, consequently the judges were late in starting, so that it was Thursday morning before they completed their labors. Nor were the duties easy, there being over 4,000 entries and nearly all of those being of excellent quality making it more difficult for the judges to decide.

The exhibits in dairy products are numerous and above the average. At the suggestion of Mr. Rudick, of the traveling dairy, who acted as judge, the exhibitors will be presented with a card showing the number of points scored by them for flavor, grain, color, salt and finish. A glance at these cards showed that the exhibits of butter scored lowest in flavor. A number of the exhibits had also too much coarse salt. There were samples of butter from the Delta and Guichon's creameries. These were not in competition with home-made butter, but they scored sufficiently high to prove conclusively that first class creamery butter can be made in this province.

In field produce the exhibits were above the average. Particular mention might be made of oats shown by T. F. Tiffin, of Lulu island, which won Brackman & Ker's special prize for the best quality of milling oats.

A number of thoroughbred imported cattle of different breeds show that the farmers of the mainland are determined to improve their stock.

The exhibits of sheep are also worthy of mention. Southdowns take the lead in point of numbers, but there are a number of Shropshires, Oxfords, Cotswolds and Lincolns.

The fat and contented looking Berkshires are the most numerous in swine. The judges had here considerable difficulty in awarding prizes, as there are a number of imported animals which are as perfect as are to be found anywhere.

There are over 500 entries in poultry. Ample accommodation have been made for them, the birds being so placed as to make inspection easy and interesting.

The exhibition building proper is well filled with exhibits from the different manufacturing concerns of the province, also exhibits of art and ladies' work.

Oct. 10.—This is Children's Day, a drizzling rain set in during the night and still continues. The children from Vancouver came over in cars and joined the little folks of Westminster. They marched to the grounds headed by the city band and the boys' band of the Indian mission school.

Owing to rain the races will in all probability be postponed. Yesterday afternoon a very exciting game of Rugby was played between teams from Vancouver and Westminster. The Vancouver team won one goal and one try to nil. In the lacrosse match between Vancouver and Westminster, the home team were again victorious by three goals to two. The city is full of visitors, it being very difficult to secure hotel accommodation. There are a number of speedy horses on the track, and if the weather is good there are sure to be some fast races.

The prize list will be published in full in the Twice-a-Week Times.

CONFLAGRATION IN CHATHAM.

Many People Made Homeless—Accident to the Grand Trunk.

Chatham, N. B., Oct. 11.—The most serious conflagration that has ever visited this town broke out this afternoon, it is supposed, in an ash heap between the barn of Andrew Marquis and Moran's bath house, on Muirhead street. High wind prevailed and the fire got such headway before the fire engines got to work, that it was impossible to check the flames until more than sixty buildings were destroyed, entailing a loss of more than $60,000 dollars. About ten acres were burned over. Only one building remains on Foundry street, while all the houses on St. Michael's street were destroyed. The cathedral and female academy are burned. The Gillespie foundry and machine shop of the Alex. Robinson carriage and sleigh works are the only two factories destroyed. The other buildings were small stores and tenement houses. Most of the small dwellings were owned by poor people and not insured. The total insurance amounts to only about $15,000. About fifty people are without a roof to shelter them to-night.

SOME BOGUS EMBASSIES.

Nicholas II. and All St. Petersburg Hoaxed by an Adventurer.

Bogus embassies seem to be becoming quite fashionable. Emperor William was taken in by one a few months after he had ascended the throne; King Humbert and Prime Minister Crispi were fooled in the same way at Rome three years ago, and now comes the news that no less a personage than the Czar has been victimized in a most preposterous manner.

It is not so many weeks since that the cable dispatches announced the arrival at St. Petersburg of an Abyssinian embassy, consisting of two princes of the reigning house and of the native archbishop of Harrar, besides several attendants, for the purpose of congratulating Nicholas on his accession to the throne. They were in charge of a Russian traveller of the name of Leontieff, a species of Muscovite adventurer, who has been drifting around Abyssinia for some time on the lookout for something to turn up.

Knowing how anxious the Russian government were to establish a foothold at the entrance of the Red Sea, with the object of commanding England's route through the Suez Canal to India, he conceived the idea of getting up an Abyssinian mission for the purpose of congratulating the Czar. Leontieff was convinced that if he could only manage this satisfactorily he would attain no end of prestige at St. Petersburg and win the good will of the Czar and his government.

The embassy, such as it was, reached Russia in safety under the guidance of M. Leontieff, who informed government officials and newspaper reporters of the alleged quality and rank of his dusky companions. On the strength of his statements they were received with the most extravagant demonstations of honor and hospitality on their arrival at St. Petersburg. They were the guests of the Czar. Court, society and officialdom vied with each other in providing for the entertainment of the Abyssinians, and on one occasion, when the ecclesiastical dignitary of the embassy ventured into St. Isaac's Cathedral, he was led within the choir by the clergy and all the devout present came up one by one to reverently kiss his foot.

If anything could have added to the gusto and enthusiasm which characterized the attitude of the Russians toward the Abyssinians, it was the knowledge that the reception accorded to the latter could not fail to exasperate Italy, under whose suzerainty Abyssinia theoretically is.

Like the Afghan prince in London, they unfortunately outstayed their welcome, the delicate hints to the effect that they would do well to return home fell on deaf ears, until finally the government became as much the laughing stock of the Russian people at large as had the English government in the case of the Shahzada.

Suddenly a horrible rumor rose to the effect that the embassy was not what it purported to be. The report gained ground, and it has found its way into the metropolitan press, the imperial censor making no effort to check newspaper utterances on the subject.

People who had received Abyssinian decorations—and they were many—commenced to have doubts as to the quality of the gems with which their decorations were studded, and when it was discovered that the jewels were mere glass and no value, the storm finally broke.

The disgusted recipients then began to investigate the mission, and the result of their inquiries has been that there is no such ecclesiastical dignitary as the archbishop of Harrar, whose feet they so devoutly kissed. There is only one archbishop, or abouna, in Abyssinia, who is the head of the Abyssinian church, and he is at the present moment with King Menelek. At the very most the pseudo Mgr. Gabrokziaber can be a mere archimandrite—if, indeed, he is that. Nor are the self-styled princes Belyako and Damito nephews of the King of Ethiopia or descendants of the illicit relations between King Sclomon and the Queen of Sheba, as they claim to be. They are merely the sons of a petty warrior whom Leontieff deemed suitable for his purpose.

Furthermore, it turns out that the Order of the Seal of Solomon, which the mission has been distributing with so lavish a hand to almost everyone at St. Petersburg from the Czar downward, is merely an invention of M. Leontieff. In fact, the embassy, from its chief, a venerable individual bearing the odd-sounding name of Prince Damito, to Prince Belyako, is a fraud, and its members participators in a gigantic hoax played upon the Russian emperor, his government and his people. If the mission had only left a little earlier it would never have been found out. As it is, M. Leontieff stands in great risk of spending the remainder of his days in Siberia.

Improbable as all this may seem, yet it has been publicly described in the various newspapers of St. Petersburg, and notably by Prince Mètcherski, the Russian Labouchere, in his newspaper, the Grashdanin. Moreover, it is almost identical with a hoax perpetrated upon Emperor William. In his case the ambassadors were coal black negroes, who were declared by their leader, a German adventurer by the name of Ehler, to be the envoys of the Sultan of Mandara. They were received with much distinction by the Emperor and Empress, occupied at the review in honor of the King of Italy, places alongside of the United States commissioners to the Samoan convention, were furnished with officers and aide-de-camps in waiting and entertained like the bogus Abyssinian envoys to St. Petersburg, at the cost of the sovereign.

During their presence at Berlin nobody seems to have taken the trouble to make any inquiries about the sultanate of Mandara, and both the government and the public appear to have taken it for granted that the ambassadors were authorized to represent a high and mighty potentate of an importance and rank at least equal to that of the sultans of Zanzibar and Morocco.

It was only after they had sailed for home, laden with gifts of every kind, that the fact was brought to light that Mandara was nothing but a village on the southern slope of Mount Killmanjaro; that its inhabitants do not number more than 1800 at most, of whom barely barely 200 are able to bear arms, and that finally, the so-called Sultan is merely a village chief, whose main source of revenue is derived from brigandage and theft.

Astounded by these revelations, which were confirmed by evidence of the most indisputable nature, inquiries were immediately instituted and addressed to Zanzibar, whence the information was obtained, that the four negroes who had been received with so much ceremony at the court of Berlin were ordinary villagers who had been designated by the chief of their tribe to assist Mr. Ehler in conveying the impedimenta from Mount Killmaanjaro—in fact, mere porters.

In the case of the Italian court, the hoax was in the shape of a pseudo Abyssinian princess and her two "brothers," who were alleged to have come all the way from Abyssinia to do homage to the suzerain of the new Italian empire in Africa. They were entertained by the Italian government at a cost of over 900,000 francs.

Only when they had sailed from Naples for home did it come to light that the woman, who had been kissed by Queen Marguerite and feted by all the members of the Italian court, was not in the least related to the King of Abyssinia, but was a mere demi-mondaine of Cairo, while her two "brothers" were intelligent darkies who had been trained to play the part of Abyssinian prices. The originator of this hoax was the infamous Col. Livarghi, now a fugitive from justice, but at that time one of the chief commissioners of the Italian colony in Abyssinia, whose object was to revive enthusiasm in Italy in behalf of the colonial venture, which a short time previously the Italian government had been on the point of abandoning, a policy which has proved his ruin.

PALM OIL.

Its Source and Uses and Manner of its Preparation.

The palm oil, which is the staple product of the Lower Niger, as of the west coast generally, is obtained from a wild palm. The natives use it both for cooking, for burning, and for smearing their bodies with. It is to them, indeed, a great deal more than ghee is to the Hindu. The fruit of the tree grows in large prickly clusters, and its skin is of a bright red or orange color, turning to yellow when ripe. The pulp is rather bitter in taste, and is reddish white in color. Within the fruit is a stone or kernel, about the size of a filbert. The natives, gathering the fruit when ripe, bruise it gently in a wooden mortar and then boil it with water in large caldrons; while simmering it is stirred with a stick, to separate the pulp from the kernels, which sink to the bottom and are reserved for other uses. The oil, which floats on the surface of the water as the boiling proceeds, is skimmed off, and placed in earthenware vessels.

The Niger affords two kinds of palm oil. The one is of the consistency of butter, and is called "hard" oil, and for this the only market is England. The other is liquid, and is called "soft oil," and for this the highest price is obtained in all the European markets. There is hardly any difference in the quality, but only in the method of preparation. The buying price on the river ranges from £5 to £6 10s. per cask of 220 gallons, and it is calculated that about 8000 tons are annually exported from the Niger to Europe, where it is employed in making candles, soap, railway grease, etc. Both the trading and the transport to the "factories" is carried on chiefly by women, after the manner of the noble savage; and the streams of females, each with a pot of palm oil on her head and a baby on her back, are among the everyday sights of the country. At the factories the oil is carefully measured by the agents, and is paid for in salt or cotton cloth. Then it is casked and stored in the station, waiting for transport down the river, to be put on board the ocean steamers at Akassa.—Chamber's Journal.

Did You Ever Think

That you cannot be well unless you have pure, rich blood? If you are weak, tired, languid and all run down, it is because your blood is impoverished and lacks vitality. These troubles may be overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure, rich blood. It is, in truth, the great blood purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

—Wall Papers! Wall Papers! The largest stock in the province can be seen at Weiler Bros.

To the Farmers.

—GO— —TO— NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.

61 YATES STREET,
AND BUY AN
Emperor Potato Digger.

BEST ANTI-COMBINE COAL,
FROM SEATTLE,
For sale at J. E. PAINTER'S,
25 COMORANT STREET.

COAL! COAL!
City Coal Depot.
The oldest Coal Yard in the city reopened, with the best quality of Seattle Coal on hand. Present Office, Store St., opposite Telegraph Hotel.
W. WALKER.

To Cheer up, Use Adams' TUTTI FRUTTI
Sold by Druggists and Confectioners.
It Aids Digestion wonderfully, and gives tone to the system.
See that "TUTTI FRUTTI" is on each wrapper.
Refuse Imitations.

COLONIAL MARKET
31 JOHNSTON ST.,
IS NOW OPEN
With a full line of the choicest Meats at the Lowest Prices
FOR CASH ONLY
Your patronage respectfully solicited.
ROBERT DINSDALE, Proprietor.
se14-1m

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER DANUBE
Meyer Master
Will leave Rithet's Inner Wharf
—FOR—
Naas River & Way Ports
VIA VANCOUVER
—on—
Friday, October 11th,
At 8 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
October 9.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 20th, 1895.
G. G. Bigger, Esq., Provincial manager Massachusetts Life Association:
Dear Sir: On behalf of myself and children I hereby acknowledge receipt of your check in full payment of claim under policy of insurance on the life of my late husband, William Bryant, insured in your company one year ago. I desire to thank you for the satisfactory manner in which you have settled this claim, and I can heartily recommend anyone desiring to protect his family in a sure and cheap manner to your Association.
I Remain Yours Sincerely,
(Mrs.) Harriet Bryant.
Oct. 3—1 m.

AMUSEMENTS.
FIFTH ANNUAL
JUBILEE HOSPITAL BALL
In the ASSEMBLY ROOMS, Fort St.,
Thursday, November 7
under the distinguished patronage of their Excellencies the Governor-General and Countess of Aberdeen.
Tickets, including gentleman and lady, $3.00; lady's ticket, $1.00. Can be had from any of the auxiliary committee or at T. N. Hibben's, Jamieson's, Davidson Bros. and Challoner & Mitchell's. oct7-1w

TENDERS WANTED.
Mortgagee's Sale.
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on FRIDAY, THE 18th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1895, for the purchase of the fee simple of Lot 8 of the Saanich Extension of the Work Estate, (containing one statute acre,) according to map deposited at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, and numbered 100, and forming part of Section 4 on the Official Map of said District. The above property has a small house on it and is situate on the Burnside Road, next the residence of Frederick Davey, Esq.
The sale will be made under and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in a certain Mortgage, which may be inspected at the office of the undersigned.
Terms of sale: Two and a half per cent of the price tendered to accompany the tender; seven and a half per cent to be paid on or before the 25th October, 1895, and the balance to be paid by twenty-eight equal quarterly payments, with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum.
The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
For further terms and conditions apply to Ben. Williams, Esq., 46 Fort Street, Victoria, or to
C. DUBOIS MASON,
Five Sisters' Block, Victoria, B. C.
oct7-10t Solicitors for the Vendors.

LEGAL NOTICES.
NOTICE
All persons having claims against the estate of the late Samuel Rickets, are requested to send particulars thereof to Robert Porter or Thomas Shotbolt on or before November 1st, 1895, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to us forthwith.
ROBERT PORTER,
THOMAS SHOTBOLT,
oct10-td Executors.

Notice of Assignment.
Notice is hereby given that William Joseph Jeffree, of the City of Victoria, in the province of British Columbia, rentier, has, by deed dated the 26th day of September, 1895, assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects which may be seized and sold under execution, and all his real estate, to George Chester Shaw, of the city of Victoria aforesaid, commission merchant, in trust for the benefit of all the creditors of the said William Joseph Jeffree.
The said deed was executed by the said William Joseph Jeffree and George Chester Shaw on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1895.
All creditors are requested to send full particulars of their claims to the trustee, on or before the first day of November, 1895.
Dated the 26th day of September, 1895.
H. G. HALL,
Solicitor for the Trustee.
Sept26-1m.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MISSIONS AND MISSIONARIES.

Baptist Convention To-Day Discusses This Most Important Subject.

Great Interest Taken in the Proceedings—Instructive Addresses.

Calvary Baptist church is packed to the doors at the morning, noon and evening sessions of the Baptist convention, and interest in the proceedings seems to be increasing. This is partly due, no doubt, to the excellence of the programme arranged for each session, prayer services, sermons and songs being interspersed with the business matters dealt with. The ladies of Calvary church assisted by visiting sisters, have tastefully decorated and arranged the class room adjoining the church as a dining room, where at the proper time the delegates are ushered in to attend to the inner man. Admirable foresight was shown in conceiving so convenient arrangement and the visitors are loud in their praise of the ladies.

Last evening's session was opened by singing led by the combined choirs of Calvary and Emmanuel churches, after which Rev. W. C. Weir, of Everett, formerly of Vancouver, British Columbia, addressed a crowded house on the subject, "Our Field and Our Responsibility." This he introduced by referring to the immense natural resources in produce and timber, in silver and coal, the latter measured in hundreds of square miles; our commercial facilities, with its thousands of miles of railways, and with a climate unsurpassed. Above the earth, under its surface, and on its face we have wonderul facilities, and when this area is as densely settled as England and Wales, then we shall have 300,000,000 of inhabitants, throwing upon us great responsibilities. Home missions are at the foundation of all work for the advancement of the Kingdom of Christ. Only as the home mission cup overflows is there room for foreign missions. Only as the work in our own field overflows can we do anything in the field beyond.

The choir at the close of the address rendered the anthem, "Praise the Father," and also sang the hymn "Come Thou Almighty King." Following this Rev. H. C. Woods, D. D., missionary superintendent, spoke on the home mission report as read by Rev. Baker. He spoke first of the amount given by the Home Mission Society in the East to the field represented by the convention—in all about ninety thousand dollars, of which British Columbia has received ten thousand. He spoke of the slaves emancipated in the South who had to be civilized by the North; of the Indians of the great West, etc., making a field not local, but continental. Dr. Woods is a speaker of power and was enthusiastically cheered at the close of his able address. The whole audience, American and Canadian, united with the choir in singing the closing hymn, "God Save the Queen."

After the formal opening of the convention this morning it was stated by the general missionary that $2066, was raised on the field for home missions during the past year. As the Home mission East gives five dollars to every one raised on the field, the above makes a favorable showing for the support of mission churches.

The laymen's hour of ten minute talks was opened by G. A. C. Rochester, of Seattle, on "Promoting Fraternal Co-operative Fellowship Amongst the Members of Our Churches." This, the speaker said, is specially needed on this coast, where in most of our churches are found gathered representatives from almost all the civilized nations of the earth. Hon. R. S. Greene spoke on "A Close Relationship With God." This should manifest itself in a four-fold manner—Activity, prayer, dwelling in Him, and a proper relation to the Spirit of the Lord. Wm. Marchant spoke on "Lay Evangelization, and its Great Need." The demands of the cause urge us on to a fuller recognition of the latent talent of our churches, he said. This earnest enthusiastic address was heartily cheered at the close. Rev. J. Sunderland, D. D., in earnest burning words spoke on foreign missions. He pleaded on behalf of over one half of the human race, who cannot, never having had the means, become Christian, nor can they until God's people send to them. He spoke at large on the ways and means of accomplishing this work, and specially recommended the individuality gift, individual prayer, missionary literature, etc.

Rev. Foster, a returned missionary, then gave an instructive address on "Foreign Missions." This brought the morning's session to a close.

This afternoon's session opened with a report of the committee on publication, society, Sunday schools, and religious literature. An address by Rev. M. W. Miller, on "The Work of the Publication Society," and addresses by Rev. C. P. Brownlee and Rev. C. A. Woddy, on "Wherein Consists the Success of the Sunday School," and "The Power of the Press," respectively, were followed by a woman's meeting, when the subject of home and foreign missions was discussed.

The feature of this evening's session will be an address by Miss Matenberg, who has chosen a subject of peculiar interest to all women interested in church work.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

THE RING.

GONE TO HOT SPRINGS.

Austin, Tex., Oct. 11.—Julien, Brady, and Vendig, of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons combination, were taken before the grand jury this morning and examined along the same lines as Delaney and his crowd yesterday. Vendig says that the entire crowd of sports will go at once Hot Springs and go into training

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 11.—The business of the Florida Athletic Club has gone to Arkansas for its health. About all that is left is the office furniture and the porter. Business will open up at Hot Springs Saturday or Monday next. Secretary Wheelock, and J. Vendig are in Austin, witnesses before the Travis county grand jury, which body is trying to dig the secrets of the club during its existence in Texas. Dan Stuart is still here and will remain until he knows what the developments are at Austin.

Hot Springs, Ark., Oct. 11.—After court opened to-day, Judge Duffie asked for the sheriff; Sheriff Houpt answered the summons; and Judge Duffie stated that he had been informed and believed than an attempt would be made to bring the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight off in Hot Springs, and he wished to call the sheriff's attention to the fact that in doing so the principals would be breaking the law and outraging the dignity of the state of Arkansas. He would, in conjunction with Judge Teague, and the prosecuting attorney, inform the sheriff at what stage it is his duty to interfere.

The following telegram was received from Martin Julian and published in the local papers: "Kindly say that I intend bringing Fitzsimmons to your town to finish training. I am at liberty to consider offers from those offering the largest inducements. Answers must be sent to Corpus Christi, Texas."

FOOTBALL.

PRACTICE MATCH TO-MORROW.

The Victoria Rugby Footbal club will have a practice match at Beacon hill to-morrow afternoon. All members of the club and any players who intend to join the club are urged to attend.

COLLEGE VS. MR. FOULKES' XI.

The Association football match played yesterday afternoon between Mr. J. F. Foulkes' eleven and Victoria College was of an exciting nature throughout, resulting finally in a victory for the college by two goals to nil. Some exceptionally good pieces of play were exhibited, Foulkes, Pooley, Innes, Barff, and W. R. Higgins showing up in good form. During the first half the college secured a goal off Goward, who neatly headed the sphere through the goal from a pass by Lawson. During the latter part of the game another goal was added to the college's credit, the score of their opponents still remaining a blank in spite of several good shots by Pooley and Miller, which were ably stopped by Le Neveu.

THE TURF.

NEWMARKET OVER.

Newmarket, Oct. 11.—This was the closing day of the Newmarket second meeting, and much interest centered in the Middle Park plate, which is pronounced by many to be the greatest race any two year old can win. The Prince of Wales' bay colt Persimmon, with which he hopes to win the next Derby, and a number of other candidates for the blue ribbon event of the British turf, entered for to-day's race. The Brethy stakes, six furlongs, in which there were 104 subscribers and only twelve started, resulted as follows: Mr. Leopold de Rothschild's St. Fusguin won, the Duke of Westminster's Omladina second.

BASEBALL.

VANCOUVER FORFEITS.

Vancouver has forfeited the last game in the British Columbia championship series to Nanaimo, and the latter team and the Amities, being tied for the championship, will have to play a final game. This match, it is expected, will take place a week from to-morrow.

THE WHEEL.

NEW RECORD.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 11.—P. J. Berlo, professional bicyclist, to-day made a new world's record for a mile, flying start, covering the distance in 1:46 4-5. The former record 1:47 3-5 was made by Harry Tyler at Manhattan beach this fall. Berlo was paced by his new quintuple.

ROYAL Baking Powder.
Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report.

SOME MYSTERIOUS ADVICE

By the American Government to the Spanish Minister—What Does It Mean?

Cuban Insurgents Commit an Inhuman Act—Blow Up a Train With Dynamite.

Madrid, Oct. 11.—It is stated on the best authority that the government of the United States has notified the Spanish minister at Washington, Senor Dupuy de Loma, that it is very necessary that Spain should act promptly in her efforts to crush the insurrection in Cuba. The news has caused quite a sensation here.

Havana, Oct. 11.—Further details received from Laresbalosa, near which place a mixed train of passenger and freight cars was attacked by the insurgents, who threw a dynamite shell between the cars, seriously injuring five passengers and injuring all the others, show that two of the wounded persons each lost a leg and both hands; the leg of another has been amputated and three others are in danger of death. Two of the wounded have already succumbed to their injuries. The greatest indignation prevailed against those insurgents who have been guilty of this inhuman act. The insurgents also partly destroyed with dynamite the iron railroad bridge at Camajuani and another at Tuinion, province of Santa Clara.

SEAL WILL BE EXTERMINATED.

Very Soon if the Fur Company Continue Slaughter.

Port Townsend, Wn., Oct. 11.—Sailing vessels and revenue cutters from Behring sea report a greater scarcity of seals this season than usual. Around the rookeries, where thousands of seals formerly collected, not a seal could be found. The herds in the open sea are greatly diminished likewise, and practical and scientific sealers aver that in five years the seals will be wholly exterminated.

DOCTOR DRYSDALE FINED.

For an Infraction of the Medical Act—Gun Accident.

Nanaimo, Oct. 1.—The case against Dr. Drysdale was concluded yesterday before Magistrate Bate, Mr. F. McB. Young appeared for the defence and Mr. Potts appeared, as he stated, on account of the Medical Council of British Columbia. The court held that there had been a contravention of the Act and fined the defendant $25. The case will be appealed.

William York, a boy living in Cedar district was admitted to the hospital suffering severely as a result of a gun accident. He was out hunting, and while carrying his gun on his shoulder, he had one hand on the stock and the other on the end of the barrel when, by some means, it was accidentally discharged, blowing one of his fingers off and severely shattering his hand.

Unless the Victoria baseball team appears here on Saturday and plays the match arranged for, the home team will claim the championship.

CRICKET.

COMING HERE.

London, Oct. 10.—A dispatch received here from Sydney, N. S. W., says that the Australian cricket council has decided to send a team to England and America in 1896.

ATHLETICS.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Oct. 11.—The Cambridge athletic team visited the falls yesterday and were piloted about the American side by Superintendent Welch, of the reservation, and on the Canadian side by Manager Ross Mackenzie, of the electric railway.

Dr. H. F. Merrill.

No Other Medicine
SO THOROUGH AS
AYER'S Sarsaparilla

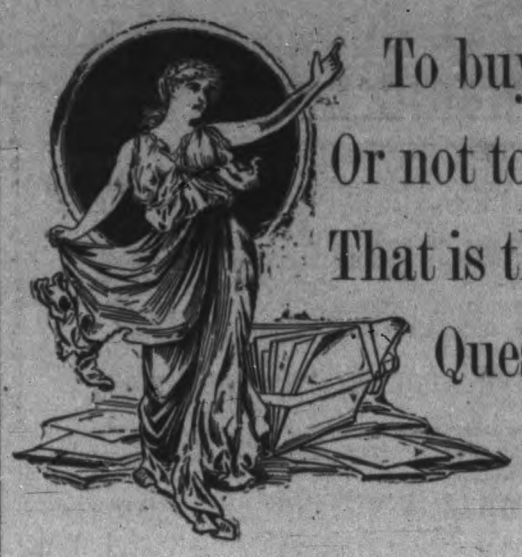
Statement of a Well Known Doctor

"No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. MERRILL, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla

Admitted at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Pills for liver and bowels.



To buy,
Or not to buy:
That is the
Question.

Whether 'tis wiser now to buy that Watch, that Chain, that Ring we're thinking of or put it off till Christmas—short time hence.

To save: to make: good cash; and by the action say we end the doubt that's in our mind upon this 'portant point, 'tis a consummation devoutly to be wished.

To wait, and wait, and wait: perchance to lose: aye, there's the rub;

Regrets to come when we have lost this golden opportunity now laid bare must give us pause. For who would buy of high priced wares and quaint old stock and trash when he might his happiness make by seeing

Davidson

at this Great Bargain Sale?

our attention, Ladies.

We are now prepared to make Ladies' Tailor-Made Costumes in all the latest Styles. Fashion plates from leading designers of Paris, London New York just received. Ladies desiring graceful and stylish garments should give us a call.

36 FORT STREET.

WILLIAM STEWART,
Merchant Tailor.

"The Apparel Oft Proclaims the Man."

So said the immortal William, and he probably knew something about such matters. How is yours? Does it become you? Does it fit? Our Stock of Cloths, Woolens and Worsteds is large, new and complete. Call and inspect it.

A. GREGG & SON, TAILORS,
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